OPERATION MANUAL

AUTOMATIC

PC BOARD CHECKER

MODEL APC-2000

Power Requirements of this Product

Power requirements of this product have been of Manual should be revised accordingly. (Revision should be applied to items indicated)	changed and the relevant sections of the Operation d by a check mark ☑.)
☐ Input voltage	
The input voltage of this product is to	VAC, VAC. Use the product within this range only.
☐ Input fuse	
The rating of this product's input fuse is	A,VAC, and
WAI	RNING
	k, always disconnect the AC the switch on the switchboard k or replace the fuse.
characteristics suitable for with a different rating or o	naving a shape, rating, and rethis product. The use of a fuse one that short circuits the fuse electric shock, or irreparable
☐ AC power cable	
	ables described below. If the cable has no power plug nals to the cable in accordance with the wire color
*	RNING error plug or crimp-style terminals alified personnel.
☐ Without a power plug	☐ Without a power plug
Blue (NEUTRAL)	White (NEUTRAL)
Brown (LIVE)	Black (LIVE)
Green/Yellow (GND)	Green or Green/Yellow (GND)
☐ Plugs for USA	☐ Plugs for Europe
	G. C.
Provided by Kikusui agents Kikusui agents can provide you with s For further information, contact your k	
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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The APC-2000 tests a PC board in units of the electronic parts mounted on it and reports defective portions by a printer and display unit immediately after finding them.

In addition to the short circuit caused by solder bridges and pattern cut, the APC-2000 can check for the mislocation, missing, and poor characteristics of the mounted parts momentarily without applying power to the board.

The reference data can be generated in a short time even for a board with a large number of parts because an automatic data learning function is provided. This function enables the APC-2000 to learn the reference data from good boards by use of a program executed through conversation with the operator.

To test a board, the operator needs to put it on the fixture and press the start button only; the defective portions, if found, are reported on the printer and display unit automatically. Thus, the APC-2000 can be handled by anybody.

Since a vacuum method is adopted for the fixture section, PC boards of high mounting density can be tested, and because the fixture section has no moving elements on its surface, even an unskilled operator can use it with ease.

The following are the features of the APC-2000:

1.1 Capability of being Developed into In-line System

To increase the inspection efficiency, the APC-2000 is designed to be developed into an in-line system at any time.

1.2 Stable Measuring Precision

To assure high measuring precision, the APC-2000 uses a phase detection method for measuring impedance, executes the shield drive measuring which is not affected by the cable length, and adopts an effective guarding method.

1.3 High Speed Measuring

For the efficient operation, the time required for testing has been reduced greatly.

1.4 Improved Fixture Section

With the vacuum-type fixture section, the APC-2000 can test small and compact boards and the boards with chip parts.

1.5 Reliable all-pin short/open test

Since the all-pin short-circuit test (1 - 15 Ω) and all-pin open-circuit test (100k Ω) are executed separately, not only the solder bridges but also the poor contact of pins can be detected for sure.

1.6 Map Display

If a board is found to be defective as a result of its test, the defective portion is displayed on the CRT so that the user can know the defective portion immediately. Also, the information about the defective portion can be printed out either during or after test execution.

1.7 Intelligent Printer

The user can select FAIL PRINT, ALL PRINT, or NON PRINT as the print format. Since the printer has a built-in buffer memory, it can print out the test result without affecting the test time. Further, the printer section can be separated from the main frame like the fixture section.

1.8 Self-check Function

The APC-2000 has a powerful self-check function for its RAMs, measuring circuits, and multiplexer cards. With this function and good maintenance services, the user can place full reliance on the system.

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2. SPECIFICATIONS

Basic Instrumentation Section

Testing pins: Standard: 256 pins

Maximum: 768 pins

(The number of testing pins may be increased

in units of 16.)

Test steps: 3,840 steps

Measurable ranges: Resistance : $1.00 \Omega - 15.00 \Omega$

 $10.0 \Omega - 150.0 \Omega$

100 Ω - 1500 Ω

1.00kΩ - 15.00kΩ

 $10.0k\Omega - 150.0k\Omega$

 $100k\Omega - 1500k\Omega$

 $1.00M\Omega - 6.00M\Omega$

Capacitance: 10.0pF - 150.0pF

100pF - 1500pF

1.00nF - 15.00nF

10.0nF - 150.0nF

100nF - 1500nF

 $1.00 \mu F - 15.00 \mu F$

 $10.0\mu F - 150.0\mu F$

100μF - 1500μF

1.00mF - 6.00mF

Inductance : 10.0μH - 150.0μH

 $100 \mu H - 1500 \mu H$

1.00mH - 15.00mH

10.0mH - 150.0mH

100mH - 600mH

Diode : 000mV - 1500mV

Light-emitting diode: 000mV - 2500mV

Transistor: 000mV - 1500mV

Jumper check: Constant current 30mA

Judgement level $1 - 15\Omega$

Short circuit check:

Constant current

30mA

Judgement level

 $1 - 15\Omega$

DC voltage measurement:

 $000 \,\mathrm{mV} - 1500 \,\mathrm{mV}$

0.00V - 15.00V

0.0V - 30.0V

All-pin short check:

Constant current

30mA

Judgement level

 $1 - 15\Omega$

(to be set by user)

All-pin open check:

Constant current

ЗиА

Judgement level

100kΩ

Criterion for judgement: +1% to +99%

Instrumentation delay:

100 types

Max. 990 ms at 10 ms intervals i.e. 0, 10,

20, 30,, 980, 990 ms

Guarding

: Max. 2 points (each step)

CPU Section

Host computer

: UPIOE MODEL 10 or MBC-225

Display

: 12" green CRT

Floppy disk drive: Two drives for 5-1/4 inch double-sided,

double-density, double-track diskettes

Keyboard

: Full keyboard plus function keyboard

Interface

RS-232C, Centronics, or parallel I/F

Printer Section

Print format

24 characters per line on 5 x 7 dot matrix

Print form

Roll paper with the diameter of 60 mm and width of

57 mm

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Fixture Section

Maximum board size : FX-01-APC 180mm x 250mm (Max. 512 pins)

FX02-APC 300mm x 450mm (Max. 768 pins)

Weight : FX01-APC

FX02-APC Approx. 10 kg

Vacuum Pump Section (option)

Working degree of vacuum: Less than 450 mmHg

Exhaust speed : 575 1/min (50Hz), 685 1/min (60Hz)

Power requirements : AC 200V (3 phases), 1.5kW, 4P

Weight : Approx. 45 kg

Power Supply

Power requirements : AC 100V +10%, 50/60Hz

Approx. 220VA

Fuse : Main frame 5A

Host computer 2A

Dimensions and Weight

Outer dimensions (max.): Main frame

 $(W)615 \times (H)730 \times (D)660 \text{ mm}$

Jig table

 $(W)720 \times (H)730 \times (D)500 \text{ mm}$

Weight: Main frame: Approx. 86 kg (256 pins)

Jig table : Approx. 50 kg (without jigs)

Host computer: Approx. 15 kg

Environmental Conditions

Operating temperature : 5°C to 35°C

Operating humidity : Not more than 75% RH

Accessories

Operation manual

Multiplexer board (One for every 256 pins)

3. PREPARATION

3.1 Receiving and Handling

Before the tester is shipped from the factory, it is carefully tested in both mechanical and electrical terms to confirm and guarantee correct operation. On receiving the tester, check if it has sustained any damage during transportation. Should any objectionable points be found, contact your dealer immediately.

3.2 Checking Supply Voltage

The tester is designed to operate on a line voltage of AC $100V \pm 10\%$, 50/60Hz. To ensure trouble-free operation for a long period of time, use the above line voltage not contaminated with noise.

3.3 Operating Temperature and Sitting

To maintain the initial performance of the tester for an extended period of time, be sure to use the tester in the specified operating temperature and humidity ranges. The tester should be installed in a place where it will not be exposed to excessive dust or oil-born air.

3.4 Installation

3.4.1 External appearance

See Figure 3.1 for the external appearance of the tester.

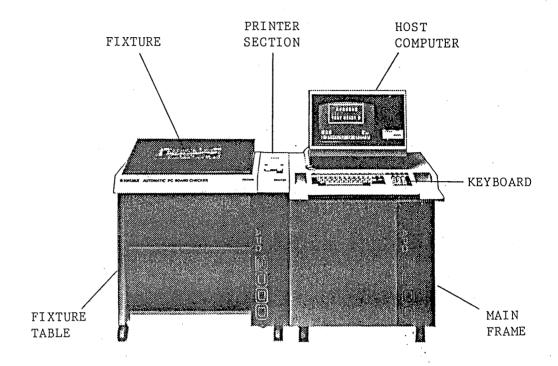


Fig. 3.1 External Appearance

The cables to connect the main frame, fixture, printer section, fixture table, and host computer have sufficient length so that these units can be set apart from one another.

Figure 3.2 shows the cable connection diagram.

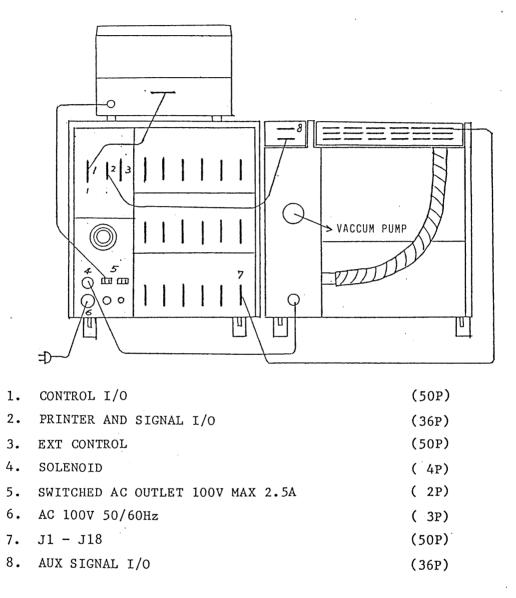


Fig. 3.2 Cable Connection Diagram

4. OPERATOR PANEL DESCRIPTION

4.1 Printer Panel Description

See the illustration of the printer-section panel in Figure 4.1.

- 1 TEST switch: Place the board to be tested on the fixture, and press this switch to start test execution.
- 2 PASS : If the board has passed the test, this lamp goes on. Once it goes on, it remains on till the next test sequence is started.
- 3 RESET : Press this switch to stop testing and printing.
 Release the switch after confirming the RESET operation.
- 4 FEED : Use this switch to feed the print form. The printer's self print check can be initiated the following operation:

RESET ON
$$\rightarrow$$
 FEED ON \rightarrow RESET OFF

- 5 Printer : Prints out the test result.
- 6 Print form: Roll paper of 57 mm wide and 60 mmø used for the printer. Open the lid and set the roll on the paper holder.

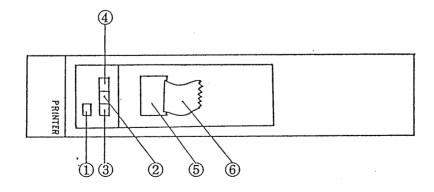


Fig. 4.1 Printer-section Panel

4.2 Host Computer Panel Description

The host computer for the APC-2000 Tester is the UNIVAC UP10E Model 10 or MBC-225 with two floppy disk drives. For the details of the host computer, refer to the separate user's manual.

When the UNIVAC UP10E or MBC-225 is used as the host computer of the APC-2000, the operator needs to manipulate only the rear POWER switch, front BRIGHT control, floppy disk drives A and B, and keybord.

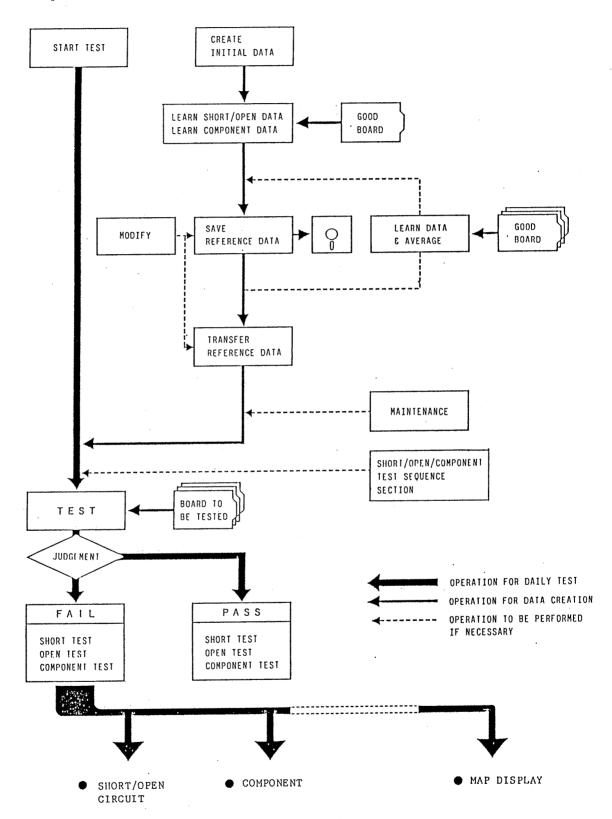
Insert the supplied APC2000 AUTOMATIC PC BOARD CHECKER WORK FILE diskette into floppy disk drive B and SYSTEM diskette into drive A. Be sure to turn on the power before inserting these diskettes.

Do not take out a diskette from disk drive nor turn off the power switch when the disk drive is operating.

5. OPERATION PROCEDURES

5.1 Overview

5.1.1 Operation flowchart



5.2 Initial Operation

5.2.1 Power-on operation

Confirm that no floppy disks are inserted in the host computer and turn the key switch in the upper right-hand corner of the main frame front section by 90 degrees clockwise; then, a green LED in the upper left-hand corner of the main frame front section and the one on the host computer go on and the cursor (_) flickers in the upper left-hand corner of the host computer CRT screen. Insert the supplied floppy disk "APC2000 AUTOMATIC PC BOARD CHECKER SYSTEM DISK" into drive A, and the host computer is activated. If no errors are found as a result of self-check (see Section 5.4 (1)), the next information is displayed on the CRT. At same time, insert the floppy disk "WORK FILE" into drive B.

5.2.2 Paper loading

Open the lid of the paper compartment in the printer section, put the supplied roll paper shaft through the core of the supplied roll paper (57 mm wide, 50 mm/s), and set it on the paper holder in the compartment.

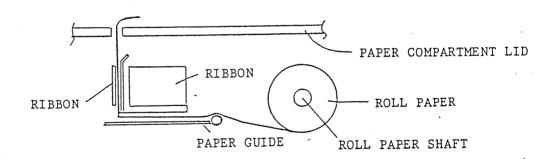


Fig. 5.2

Insert the leading edge of the paper into the paper guide. Thread the paper as shown in Figure 5.2 using the FEED switch on the printer section.

5.3 Function Description

Press a function key $(\underline{PF1} - \underline{PF7})$ or numeric key $(\underline{1} - \underline{7})$ on the keyboard when the system is in the TEST READY mode after the power-on operation, and the program that corresponds to the pressed key is executed.

The selected function branches as shown in Figure 5.3.1.

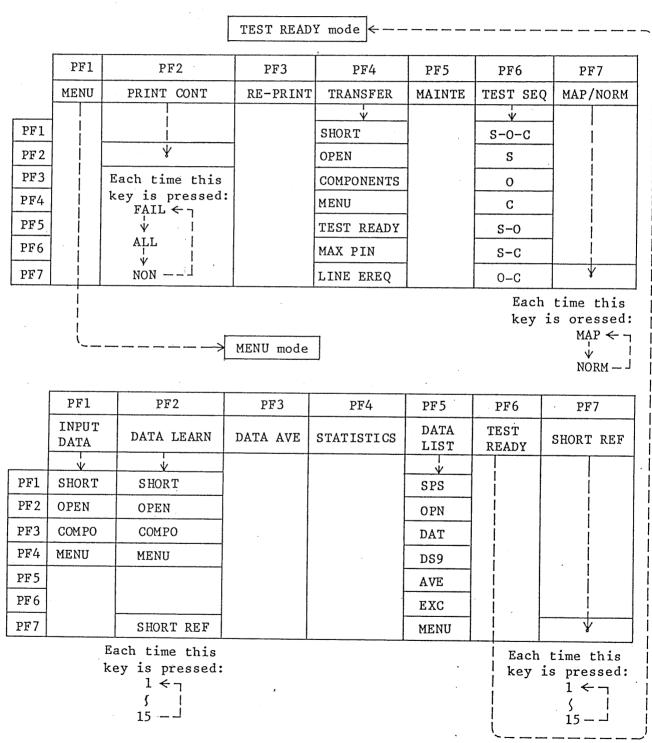


Fig. 5.3-1

If the ESC key is pressed in the TEST READY mode, the numbers and contents of functions are changed. PF8 to PF14 are used as exclusive keys.

TEST READY mode

PF1	PF2	PF3.	PF4	PF5	PF6	PF7
MENU	PRINT	RE-PRINT	TRANSFER	MAINTE	TEST SEQ	MAP/NORM

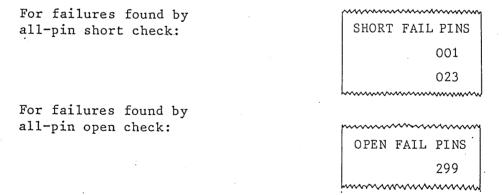
These groups of functions replace each other each time the ESC key is pressed

,	V								
	PF8	PF9	PF10	PF11	PF12	PF13	PF14		
	INPUT DATA	DATA LEARN	DATA AVE	STATISTICS	DATA LIST	FAIL RE-PR	SHORT REF		

Fig. 5.3-2

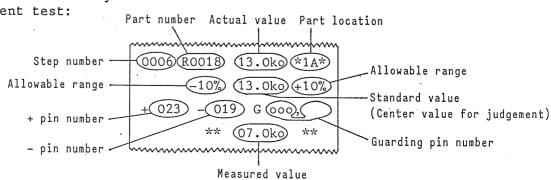
FAIL RE-PR (PF13) prints out only the information about defective boards regardless of the setting (NON, FAIL, or ALL) for PRINT CONT.

If a failure is found as a result of all-pin short check or all-pin open check, the system does not proceed to component test but terminates the test operation.



For failure found by component test:

P

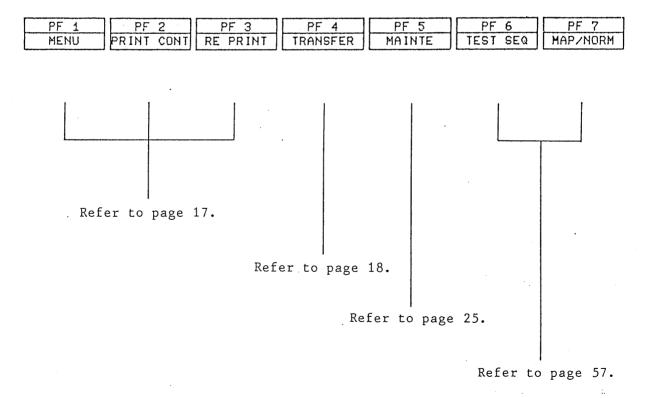


5.3.1 Functions in TEST READY mode

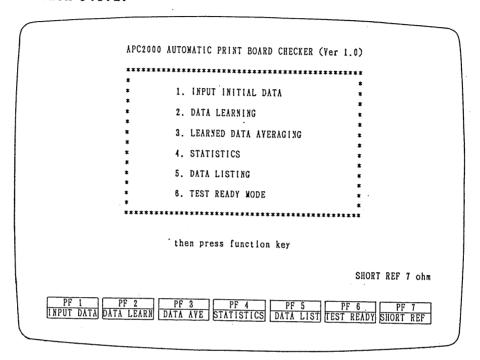


SHORT DATA NAME : CHKJIG OPEN DATA NAME : CHKJIG COMP DATA NAME : CHKJIG

න ර DISPLAY NORM SHORT REF 5 ohm FAIL PRINT



Use the MENU program mainly for creating a program for a new PC board. The control branches to the functions explained in Section 5.3.2.



(2) PRINT CONT (Built-in printer output control)

PF2

Each time PF2 is pressed, the printing mode is switched among ALL, FAIL, and NON (displayed in the lower right-hand corner of the screen).

ALL PRINT: Information on all the tested parts, whether PASS or FAIL, is printed out. (For the all-pin short/open test, however, only the FAIL PIN information is printed out.)

FAIL PRINT: Only the information on defective parts is printed out.

NON PRINT: No information is printed out whether the test result is PASS or FAIL.

Note that the information output to the printer when ALL PRINT or FAIL PRINT is specified can be monitored by the host computer screen at the same time.

When NON PRINT is specified, only the information on defective parts is displayed on the host computer screen.

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The test result can be printed out again according to the mode specified by PF2.

Note: If the mode specified by PF2 (PRINT CONT) is NON PRINT, no information is printed even if RE-PRINT is specified. If the mode specified by PF2 is FAIL or ALL PRINT, the result of the preceding test is printed when PF3 is pressed.

To print only the information on defective parts, press PF13 (FAIL RE-PR); the defective-part information can be re-printed without changing the printing mode specified by PF2.

(4) TRANSFER (Execution program transfer)

PF4

The TRANSFER program transfers execution programs from the work files on a floppy disk in the host computer to the APC-2000 main frame.

PF1: Transfers the all-pin short check program.

PF2: Transfers the all-pin open check program.

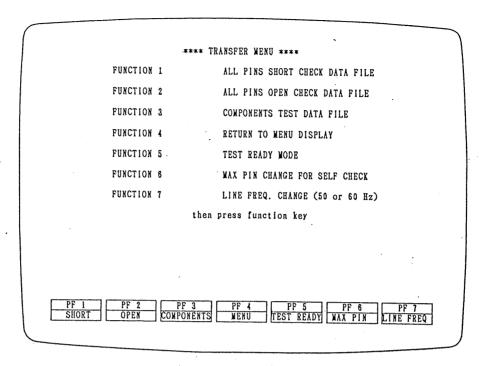
PF3: Transfers the component test program.

PF4: To MENU mode

PF5: To TEST READY mode

PF6: When the number of testing pins for APC-2000 has been increased or decreased (MPX boards have been increased or decreased), key in the maximum number of testing pins. The SELF CHECK operation will be performed for the newly specified number of testing pins automatically.

PF7: When the line frequency for APC-2000 has been changed because the Tester has been moved to a different location, use this key for selecting the frequency (50Hz or 60Hz).



When PF1 is selected, the information below appears on the screen. PF1

```
******* TRANSFER ALL PINS SHORT CHECK DATA FILE ******

SHT FILE LIST

CHKJIG SHT TEST SHT TEST2 SHT TEST3 SHT TEST4 SHT TEST5 SHT TEST6 SHT L SHT TESET2 SHT TEST8 SHT TEST10 SHT RUSH1 SHT TIT SHT TEST11 SHT DSS6520 SHT ABCD SHT FLT SHT

key-in file name ( max 8 characters ) :
```

<u>C H K J I G</u>

```
****** TRANSFER ALL PINS SHORT CHECK DATA FILE ******

SHT FILE LIST

CHKJIG SHT TEST SHT TEST2 SHT TEST3 SHT TEST4 SHT TEST5 SHT TEST6 SHT L SHT TESET2 SHT TEST8 SHT TEST10 SHT RUSH1 SHT TT SHT TEST1 SHT DSS6520 SHT ABCD SHT FLT SHT
```

CR CR: RETURN or ENTER switch

******* TRANSFER ALL PINS SHORT CHECK DATA FILE ******

TRANSFERRING FILE !!

FILE NAME : CHKJIG

10' STEP

When the file has been transferred, the control returns to TRANSFER MENU. Then, select PF2.

PF2

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***** TRANSFER ALL PINS OPEN CHECK DATA FILE *****

OPN FILE LIST

CHKJIG					,OPN		.OPN	TEST2	.OPN
TESTI	, OPN	TEST4	.OPN	TEST6	.OPN	DATA	OPN	TEST5	OPN
TEST7				OTEST2				DSS6520	
CHKJGI			OPN		,	•	,011	2000020	, or a

key-in file name (max 8 characters):

$\underline{C} \ \underline{H} \ \underline{K} \ \underline{J} \ \underline{I} \ \underline{G}$

****** TRANSFER ALL PINS OPEN CHECK DATA FILE ******

OPN FILE LIST

```
CHKJIG OPN TEST3 OPN CVB OPN CBX OPN TEST2 OPN TEST1 OPN TEST4 OPN TEST6 OPN DATA OPN TEST5 OPN TEST7 OPN C OPN OTEST2 OPN V OPN DSS6520 OPN
```

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG

CR

******* TRANSFER ALL PINS OPEN CHECK DATA FILE ******

TRANSFERRING FILE !!

FILE NAME : CHKJIG

10° STEP

When the file has been transferred, the control returns to TRANSFER MENU. PF3

****** TRANSFER COMPONENTS TEST DATA FILE ******

EXC FILE LIST

D1 .EXC CHKJIG .EXC Y1 .EXC TEST4 .EXC TEST1 .EXC SJ .EXC TEST2 .EXC RICOMP .EXC DSS6520 .EXC

key-in file name (max 8 characters) :

<u>C H K J I G</u>

***** TRANSFER COMPONENTS TEST DATA FILE *****

EXC FILE LIST

D1 .EXC CHKJIG .EXC Y1 .EXC TEST4 .EXC TEST1 .EXC SJ .EXC TEST2 .EXC RICOMP .EXC DSS6520 .EXC

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG

CR

***** TRANSFER COMPONENTS TEST DATA FILE *****

TRANSFERRING FILE !!

FILE NAME : CHKJIG

1' STEP

When the file has been transferred, the control returns to TRANSFER MENU.

If PF5 is selected from the TRANSFER MENU, the system is set in the TEST READY mode again.

PF5 TEST READY mode

↓
PF5 MAINTENANCE & MODIFY

The MAINTE program can display, modify, or execute any desired steps of an execution program. It is useful for debugging the execution program because the user can monitor the program step execution by the host computer screen.

```
***** MAINTENANCE & MODIFY *****
                                 DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
TEST OF RANDOM STEP
MEXT STEP TEST
REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
INSERT RANDOM STEPS
                         Ķ
                                  DELETE RANDOM STEPS
                                  CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
ERROR SET OF EACH PART
                    key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN] ) D1
                                          Actual Standard Parts
STEP PARTS +PIN -PIN GND1 GND2 Value
                                                  Value Location err err delay EXT
0001
       R0001
0002
       R0002
                002
                      003
       R0003
                                         9.95 o 10.34 o
99.0 o 10.0 o
0003
                004
                      005
0004
       R0003
                      004
                                                                       10
                                                                            10
                                                                                  .00
                                                                                           0
0
5
                006
009
0005
       R0004
                      007
                                          33.3 o
                                                                                   00
0006
       R0005
                      008
                                         69.7 o
                                                   69.5 o
81.7 o
                                                                1 Å
                                                                       10
                                                                            10
0007
       R0006
                011
                                          62.1 o
                                                                11
                                                                       10
                                                                            10
                                                                                   00
0008
       RODO7
                012
                      013
                                                                       ĩō
                                                                            10
                      013
015
0009.
       R0007
                012
                                         100. o
                                                   096. o
                                                                2 Å
                                                                       10
                                         340. o
0010
       R0008
                014
                                                   333. o
                                                                2 A
                                                                       10
                                                                            10
                                                                                   00
0011
       R0009
                                         677. o
                                                   668. o
                                                                       10
                                                                            10
                                                                                   0.0
0012
       R0010
                019
                      018
                                                   888. o
```

Twelve program steps are displayed starting from the step number specified after D.

D 1 CR

If only D and CR are pressed as " \underline{D} \underline{CR} ", the next page is displayed.

 \bigcirc

```
D: DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
T: TEST OF RANDOM STEP
N: MEXT STEP TEST
R: REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
1: INSERT RANDOM STEPS
K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEPS
A: ERROR SET OF EACH PART
E: END
key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) T
```

Any desired steps can be executed. Press T, and the message "then press TEST switch" is displayed. In response to this message, press the TEST switch on the printer section.

```
***** MAINTENANCE & MODIFY *****
                                  DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
                                 TEST OF RANDOM STEP
NEXT STEP TEST
REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
INSERT RANDOM STEPS
                        T :
                                  DELETE RANDOM STEPS
                         С:
                                 CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
ERROR SET OF EACH PART
                         Å :
E :
                    key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) T1.4
Actual Standard Parts + -
STEP PARTS +PIN -PIN GND1 GND2 Value Value Location err err delay EXT
0001 C0001 001 000
                                                            1A 10 FA1L
                                         10.0nF 11.0nF
                                         Value 00.0nF
7.48 o 7.54 o
                            Measured Value
                                                            1A 10 GOOD
0002 R0002 002 003
                            Neasured Yalue. 7.54 o
9.95 o 10.34 o
Neasured Yalue 10.10 o
                                                            1A 10
0003 R0003 004
                      005
                                                                           10
                                                                                  ۵۵
                                                                                         ٥
0004 R0003 005 004
                                         99.0 o 100.0 o
                                                                                  0.0
                                                                                         0
                            Measured Value
                                                            •••• GOOD
                                                  89.9 o
```

The steps indicated by the figures input after T are executed. If "T1, 4" is input, for example, steps 1-4 are executed. T $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{4}{2}$ CR

```
D: DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
T: TEST OF RANDOM STEP
N: MEXT STEP TEST
R: REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
I: INSERT RANDOM STEPS
K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
A: ERROR SET OF EACH PART
E: END

key-in command 1 step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) N

Actual Standard Parts + -

STEP PARTS +PIN -PIN GND1 GND2 Yalue Yalue Location err err delay EXT

0002 R0002 002 003

7.48 o 7.54 o 1A 10 10 00 0

Neasured Yalue 7.53 o ..... GOOD
```

Input N, and the next step is executed. N

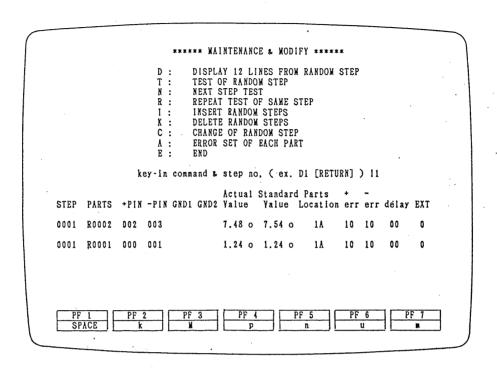
```
***** MAINTENANCE & MODIFY *****
                                                    DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
TEST OF RANDOM STEP
NEXT STEP TEST
REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
INSERT RANDOM STEPS
DELETE RANDOM STEPS
                                       N :
                                                     CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
ERROR SET OF EACH PART
                                       C :
                                                     END
                               key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) R10
Actual Standard Parts + -
STEP PARTS +PIN -PIN GND1 GND2 Yalue Yalue Location err err delay EXT
                                                                7.48 o 7.54 o 1A 10 10 00

Yalue 7.55 o .... GOOD

Yalue 7.55 o .... GOOD
0002 R0002 002 003
                                            Measured Value
Measured Value
                                             Measured Value
                                             Measured Value
                                             Measured Value
                                            Measured Value
                                             Measured Value
                                             Measured Value
                                             Measured Value
                                                                                7.55 o · · · · GOOD
```

The steps specified for T or C can be executed repeatedly. The steps are executed the number of times indicated by the figures after R.

<u>R 1 0 CR</u>



New steps can be inserted between desired steps.

$\underline{I} \underline{1} \underline{CR}$

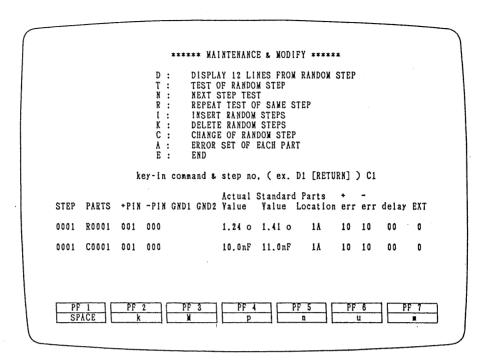
After the steps have been inserted, press E (E).

```
D: DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
T: TEST OF RANDOM STEP
N: MEXT STEP TEST
R: REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
I: INSERT RANDOM STEPS
K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
A: ERROR SET OF EACH PART
E: END
key-In command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) K
key-in start step-number for delete ? 115
key-in end step number for delete ? 116
```

Any desired steps can be deleted.

To delete steps 115 - 116, for example, key in as follows:

<u>K</u> <u>1</u> <u>1</u> <u>5</u> <u>CR</u> <u>1</u> <u>1</u> <u>6</u> <u>CR</u>



Any desired steps can be changed.

C1 CR

Press CR for the item not to be changed. Press the ESC key after entering a standard value, and the mark "*" appears to suppress execution of the pertinent step. The "*" disappears when the ESC key is pressed again.

```
****** MAINTENANCE & MODIFY ******

D: DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
T: TEST OF RANDOM STEP
N: MEXT STEP TEST
R: REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
1: INSERT RANDOM STEPS
K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
A: ERROR SET OF EACH PART
E: END

key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) A

Brror set !!

1. Each parts
2. All steps
select 1 or 2 ? 1
```

All the tolerance ranges of a desired type of parts can be changed at a time.

<u>A</u> ↓ 1

```
Each parts error set !!

1. Add offset value

2. Change error set

select 1 or 2 ? 1
```

1

```
Each parts error set !!

Add offset value

R + x 7 + 1

C + x 7 - 2

L + x 7 + 3

D + x 9 + 4

T + x 7 + 5

P + x 7 + 6

Y + x 7 + 8

OK 7 (Y/M) 7
```

```
\begin{array}{c} +1 \, \text{CR} \\ \hline -2 \, \text{CR} \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} -1 \, \text{CR} \\ \hline +2 \, \text{CR} \\ \hline \\ \hline Y \\ \end{array}
```

```
D: DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
T: TEST OF RANDOM STEP
M: MEXT STEP TEST
R: REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
I: INSERT RANDOM STEPS
K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
A: ERROR SET OF EACH PART
E: END

key-in command & step no. (ex. Di [RETURN]) A

Error set !!

1. Each parts
2. All steps
select 1 or 2 ? 1
```

Select A again and set the tolerance range for each type of parts. $\underline{A} \quad \underline{1}$

```
862086
```

```
Each parts error set !!

1. Add offset value

2. Change error set

select 1 or 2 ? 2
```

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} \frac{5}{6} & \frac{CR}{CR} & \frac{2}{1} & \frac{CR}{CR} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{1}{Y} & \frac{CR}{} & \frac{2}{2} & \frac{CR}{} \end{array}$$

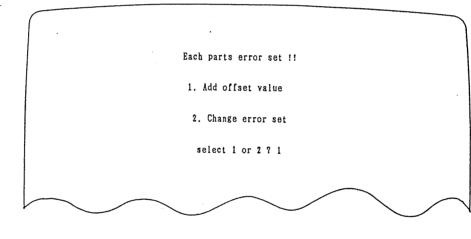
```
D: DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
T: TEST OF RANDOM STEP
N: MEXT STEP TEST
R: REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
I: INSERT RANDOM STEPS
K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
A: ERROR SET OF EACH PART
E: END

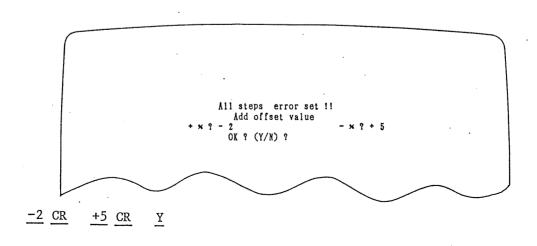
key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) A

Error set !!

1. Each parts
2. All steps
select 1 or 2 ? 2
```

The tolerance ranges for all steps can be changed at a time. $\underline{\underline{A}} \quad \underline{\underline{2}}$



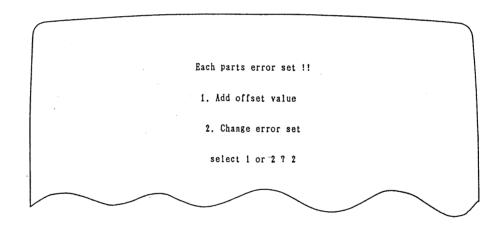


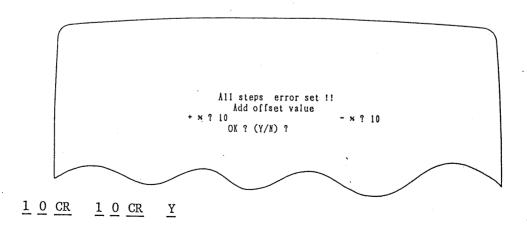
```
D: DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
T: TEST OF RANDOM STEP
N: NEXT STEP TEST
R: REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
I: INSERT RANDOM STEPS
K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
A: ERROR SET OF EACH PART
E: RND
key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) A

Error set !!

1. Each parts
2. All steps
select 1 or 2 ? 2
```

<u>A</u> <u>2</u>





D: DISPLAY 12 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP
T: TEST OF RANDOM STEP
N: NEXT STEP TEST
R: REPEAT TEST OF SAME STEP
I: INSERT RANDOM STEPS
K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEPS
C: CHANGE OF RANDOM STEP
A: ERROR SET OF EACH PART
E: END
key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) E
save to disk? Y

saving file name: CRKJIG .DAT & .EXC

To terminate the maintenance operation, press E. Then the message "save to disk?" is displayed. Respond to this message with "Y" if the execution program in the floppy disk is to be replaced by the program on which the maintenance operation has been performed. When Y is pressed, the pin information in the initial data is also replaced by that in the execution program.

Note: It takes some time to save the program because the entire program is replaced (about 5 minutes for a program of 300 steps). Normally, the content of the floppy disk need not be replaced each time an item is modified; save the program by pressing Y only when debugging of the entire program is completed.

<u>E</u> <u>Y</u>

If the program in the floppy disk need not be replaced, press N.

<u>E</u> <u>N</u>

1

(C)

N

က (၂) Three types of tests can be executed.

(1) SHORT : All-pin short check(2) OPEN : All-pin open check

(3) COMPONENT TEST: Test in units of components parts

The types of the tests to be executed and their execution order can be specified by the user.

	TECT CECHENCE
	TEST SEQUENCE
******	*********
<u>*</u> 1	. SHORT -> OPEN -> COMPONENTS TEST *
* . 2	. SHORT *
* * 3	. OPEN *
* 4	. COMPONENTS TEST *
* 5	. SHORT → OPEN *
* 6	. SHORT → COMPONENTS TEST *
* 7	. OPEN → COMPONENTS TEST *
******	*********
ti	hen press function key
	TEST SEQ : 1
PF 1	PF 3 PF 4 PF 5 PF 6 PF 7 O C

PF6

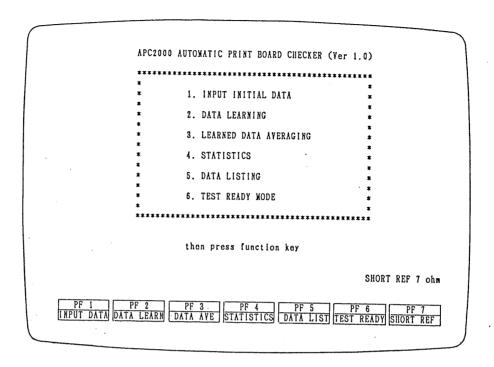
862091

Each time PF7 is pressed, the screen display mode is switched between MAP mode and NORM mode (the current mode is displayed in the lower right-hand corner of the screen).

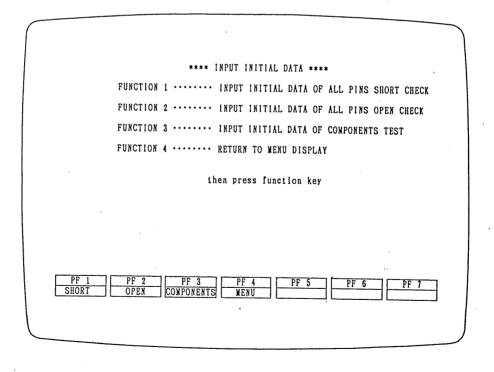
The measuring speed with the MAP mode is higher than that with the NORM mode because the amount of the information displayed in the MAP mode is less than that displayed in the NORM mode. Switch the mode according to the user's requirement.

PF7

5.3.2 Functions in MENU mode



(1) INPUT INITIAL DATA (Initial data creation) PF1



<u>_</u>

862097

****** INPUT INITIAL DATA OF PINS SHORT CHECK ******

SPS FILE LIST

TT .SPS TEST6 .SPS TEST1 .SPS TESET2 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST10 .SPS TEST8 .SPS CHKJIG .SPS RUSH1 .SPS DATA .SPS DSS6520 .SPS ABCD .SPS

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : FLT

Specify the file name with the maximum of eight characters (starting with a letter).

F L T CR

****** INPUT INITIAL DATA OF PINS SHORT CHECK ******

SPS FILE LIST

TT .SPS TEST6 .SPS TEST1 .SPS TESET2 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST10 .SPS TEST8 .SPS CHKJIG .SPS RUSH1 .SPS DATA .SPS DSS6520 .SPS ABCD .SPS FLT .SPS

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : FLT generate from first step ? (Y/N)

If the same file name exists, whether or not to replace the existing file is asked.

 \underline{F} \underline{L} \underline{T} \underline{CR} \underline{Y}

```
******* INPUT INITIAL DATA OF PINS SHORT CHECK ******

MAX PIN ...... 767 ( MAX PIN OF FILE [FLT] IS 0 )

REF PIN PASS PIN

000 ..... 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008
001 ..... 000, 001, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008
002 ..... 000, 001, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008
003 ..... 000, 001, 002, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008
004 ..... 000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 006, 007, 008
005 ..... 000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 006, 007, 008
006 ..... 000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 007, 008
006 ..... 000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 007, 008
007 ..... 000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 007, 008
007 ..... 000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 008
008 ..... 000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007
```

Specify the maximum number of pins and generate data.

7 6 7 <u>CR</u> 0 , 0 , ---- <u>CR</u>

To modify the input data, press the ESC key. ESC

```
###### MODIFY INITIAL DATA ######

D: DISPLAY 20 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP

K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS

E: END OF MODIFY

key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) D1

STEP REF PIN PASS PIN 001 000. 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 006. 007. 008 009. 010 0003 002 001 004. 005. 006. 007. 008 009. 010 0003 002 000. 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 006. 007. 008 009 010 0005 004 003 000. 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 006. 007. 008 009 0005 004 000. 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 006. 007. 008 009 0005 004 000. 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 006. 007. 008 009 000 005 000. 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 007. 008 009. 010 000 005 006 005 000. 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 007. 008 009. 010 000 007 005 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 007. 008 009. 010 0010 007 000. 011. 012. 013 001 008 006 009. 010 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 006. 008. 009. 010 0010 007 001. 002. 003. 004. 005. 006. 007. 009 0012 009 007 001. 003. 005. 007. 008 0013 010 001. 003. 005. 007. 008 0013 010 001. 003. 005. 007. 008 0013 010 001. 005. 007 008 0015 012 007 0016 013 007 007 005 007. 008 0017 014 011 007. 005 007 008 0017 014 011 007. 005 007 0016 013 007 007 0016 013 007 007 005 007. 008 0019 015 007. 005 007. 008 0019 015 007. 005 007. 008 0019 016 013 010 07. 007. 006. 055. 044. 033. 022. 011 0018 015 0013 010 007. 007. 066. 055. 044. 033. 022. 011 0018 015 0013 010 0013 010 0013 010 007. 007. 006. 005. 007. 008 0019 016 0013 010 0013 010 0013 010 007. 007. 008 0019 016 0013 010 007. 007. 008 0019 016 0013 010 0013 010 0013 010 0014 011 007. 005
```

 $\underline{D} \ \underline{1}$ CR

***** MPDIFY INITIAL DATA *****

D : K : E : DISPLAY 20 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP DELETE RANDOM STEPS END OF MODIFY

key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) K

key-in start step number for delete ? 19

key-in end step number for delete? 19

DELETING !!

19 CR 19 CR

***** MPDIFY INITIAL DATA *****

D : K : E : DISPLAY 20 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP DELETE RANDOM STEPS END OF NODIFY

key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN]) K

END OF MODIFY !!

When the initial data has been modified, press ${\tt E}_{\:\raisebox{1pt}{\text{\circle*{1.5}}}}$ E

```
OPN FILE LIST

CHKJIG OPN TEST3 OPN CVB OPN CBX OPN TEST2 OPN TEST1 OPN TEST4 OPN TEST6 OPN DATA OPN TEST5 OPN TEST7 OPN C OPN CTEST2 OPN V OPN DSS6520 OPN CHKJG1 OPN ABCD OPN

key-in file name ( max 8 characters ):
```

The initial data for the all-pin open check is created by the same operation flow as the initial data for the all-pin short check. Select "2" from the INPUT INITIAL DATA screen as follows: $\frac{2}{CR}$

```
******** INPUT INITIAL DATA OF PINS OPEN CHECK ******

OPN FILE LIST

CHKJIG OPN TEST3 OPN CVB OPN CBX OPN TEST2 OPN TEST1 OPN TEST4 OPN TEST6 OPN DATA OPN TEST5 OPN TEST7 OPN C OPN CTEST2 OPN V OPN DSS6520 OPN CHKJGI OPN ABCD OPN

Key-in file name ( max 8 characters ) : CHKJIG
```

CHKJIG CR

86209

****** INPUT INITIAL DATA OF PINS OPEN CHECK ******

OPN FILE LIST

CHKJIG .OPN TEST3 .OPN CVB .OPN CBX .OPN TEST2 .OPN TEST1 .OPN TEST4 .OPN TEST5 .OPN DATA .OPN TEST5 .OPN TEST7 .OPN C .OPN CTEST2 .OPN V .OPN DSS6520 .OPN CHKJGI .OPN ABCD .OPN

key in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG generate from first step ? (Y/N) $\,$ Y

<u>Y</u>

****** INPUT INITIAL DATA OF OLL PINS OPEN CHECK *****

MAX PIN 15

(MAX PIN OF FILE [CHKJIG] IS 0)

PASS PIN ···· 000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 010 011, 012, 013

To transfer control to the modification mode: $\underline{\mathtt{ESC}}$

To display the contents of the file:

D

```
****** MPDIFY INITIAL DATA *****

D: DISPLAY 20 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP

K: DELETE RANDOM STEPS

E: END OF MODIFY

key-in command K

key-in pass pin number for delete ? 0

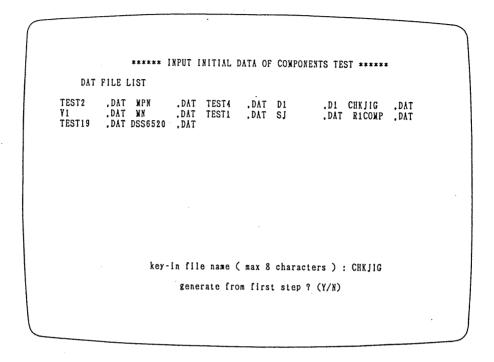
DELETING !!
```

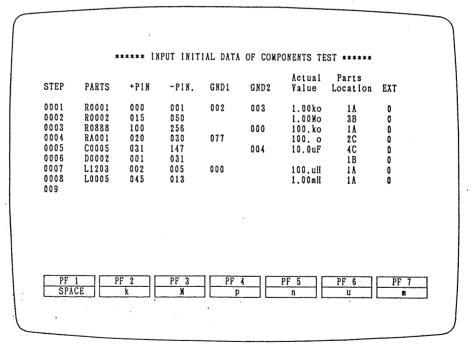
To delete steps:

<u>K</u> 8 CR

To create initial data for the component test, select "3" from the INPUT INITIAL DATA screen as follows:

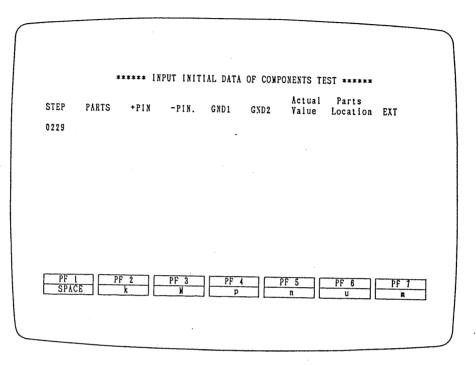
3 <u>CR</u>



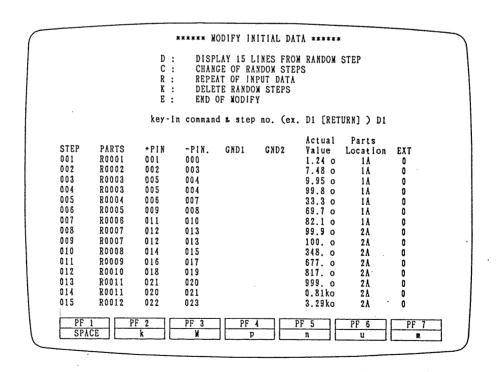


If the program having the specified file name does not exist yet, the initial data is created from the first step. If it exists already, whether or not to replace the existing file is asked. $\underline{C} \ \underline{H} \ \underline{K} \ \underline{J} \ \underline{I} \ \underline{G} \ \underline{CR} \ \underline{Y}$

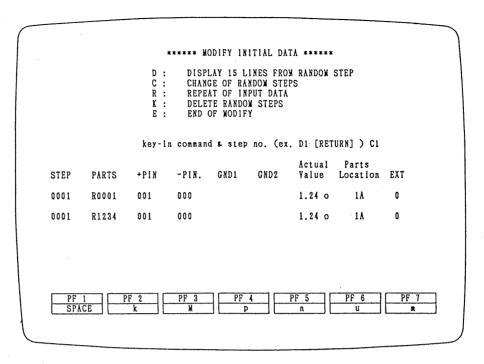
If the program having the specified file name exists but is not to be replaced, input N for the message "generate from first step?". \underline{N}

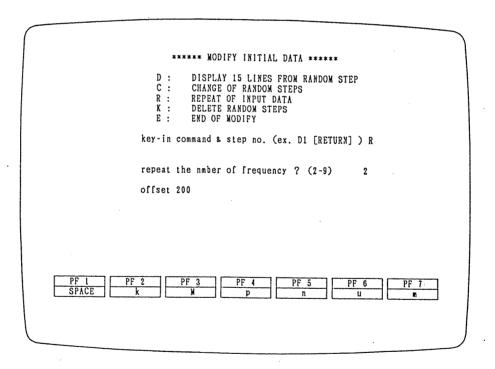


To modify the input data, press the ESC key.



 $\underline{D} \ \underline{1} \ \underline{CR}$





Use the R command for testing a number of PC boards of the same type. Input the offset values for pin numbers by the initial data menu, and the initial data for the parts having the same part number and different pin numbers is generated automatically.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \underline{R} & \underline{2} \\ \underline{2} & \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{CR} \end{array}$

***** MODIFY INITIAL DATA *****

D : C : R : K : E : DISPLAY 15 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP CHANGE OF RANDOM STEPS REPEAT OF INPUT DATA DELETE RANDOM STEPS END OF NODIFY

key-in command & step no. (ex. D1 [RETURN])

END OF MODIFY

E

***** MODIFY INITIAL DATA *****

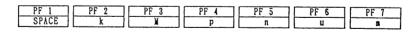
D : C : R : K : DISPLAY 15 LINES FROM RANDOM STEP CHANGE OF RANDOM STEPS REPEAT OF INPUT DATA DELETE RANDOM STEPS END OF MODIFY E :

key-in command & step no. (ex. Di [RETURN]) K

key-in start step number for delete? 115

key-in end step number for delete? 229

DELETING !!

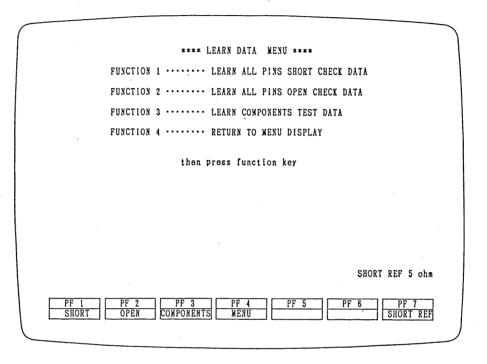


<u>K</u>

 ∞

1 5 5 CR

229 CR This program learns the reference data from a good board. The programs for all-pin short and open checks are generated automatically by the input of file names and maximum pin numbers.



To learn the data for all-pin short check: PF1

```
****** LEARN ALL PINS SHORT CHECK DATA ******

SPS FILE LIST

TT .SPS TEST6 .SPS TEST1 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST8 .SPS CHKJIG .SPS RUSH1 .SPS DATA .SPS DSS6520 .SPS ABCD .SPS

key-in file name ( max 8 characters ) :
```

Key in the file name for all-pin short check.

***** LEARN ALL PINS SHORT CHECK DATA *****

SPS FILE LIST

TT .SPS TEST6 .SPS TEST1 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST4 .SPS CHKJ1G .SPS RUSH1 .SPS DATA .SPS DSS6520 .SPS ABCD .SPS

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG

CHKJIG CR

***** LEARN ALL PINS SHORT CHECK DATA *****

SPS FILE LIST

TT .SPS TEST6 .SPS TEST1 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST3 .SPS CRKJIG .SPS RUSH1 .SPS DATA .SPS DS6520 .SPS ABCD .SPS

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG try to learn the afresh ? (Y/%)

If the specified file name exists already, the system asks whether the existing file is to be replaced or not. To replace it:

<u>Y</u>

```
****** LEARN ALL PINS SHORT CHECK DATA ******

then press TEST switch
```

Press the TEST switch on the printer section.

```
******* LEARN ALL PINS SHORT CHECK DATA ******

WAX PIN OF FILE [ CHKJIG ] IS 175 >
```

Key in the maximum pin number.

The all-pin short check program is generated automatically, using the SHORT REF resistance value in the lower right-hand corner of the LEARN DATA MENU screen as the threshold level.

1 7 3 CR

To learn the data for all-pin open check, select PF2 from the LEARN DATA MENU screen.

PF2

Then, key in the file name for the all-pin open check.

```
OPN FILE LIST

CHKJIG OPN TEST3 OPN CVB OPN CBX OPN TEST2 OPN TEST1 OPN TEST4 OPN TEST6 OPN DATA OPN TEST5 OPN TEST7 OPN C OPN CTEST2 OPN V OPN DSS6520 OPN CHKJGI OPN

key-in file name ( max 8 characters ) : CHKJIG
```

CHKJIG CR

```
******* LEARN ALL PINS OPEN CHECK DATA ******

OPN FILE LIST

CHKJIG .OPN TEST3 .OPN CYB .OPN CBX .OPN TEST2 .OPN
TEST1 .OPN TEST4 .OPN TEST5 .OPN DATA .OPN TEST5 .OPN
TEST7 .OPN C .OPN CTEST2 .OPN Y .OPN DSS6520 .OPN

CHKJGI .OPN

key-in file name ( max 8 characters ) : CHKJIG

try to learn the afresh ? (Y/N)
```

If the specified file name exists already, the system asks whether the existing file is to be replaced or not.

To replace it:

Y

******* LEARN ALL PINS SHORT CHECK DATA ******

them press TEST switch

Press the TEST switch on the printer section.

Key in the maximum pin number.

```
******* LEARN ALL PINS OPEN CHECK DATA ******

MAX PIN *******

MAX PIN *******

PASS PIN ******

151, 153, 155, 156, 158, 159, 167, 168, 169
```

The all-pin open check program is generated automatically, adopting 100k as the threshold level.

1 7 3 CR

***** LEARN DATA OF COMPONENTS TEST *****

DAT FILE LIST

TEST2 ,DAT MPX ,DAT TEST4 ,DAT D1 ,DAT CHKJIG ,DAT V1 ,DAT NN ,DAT TEST1 ,DAT SJ ,DAT RICOMP ,DAT TEST10 ,DAT DSS6520 ,DAT

key-in file name (max 8 characters) :

To learn the data for component test, select PF3 from the LEARN DATA MENU screen.

PF3

Then, key in the component test file name.

The data for the component test is learned from a good board in the order of the steps of the initial data program which is filed in advance. The data learned first becomes the reference data (EXC data) automatically.

At this time, the automatic polarity setting function works to optimize the polarities of the testing pins.

Press the TEST switch on the printer section, and the program is generated automatically.

***** LEARN DATA OF COMPONENTS TEST *****

DAT FILE LIST

TEST2 DAT MPX DAT TEST4 DAT DI DAT CHKJIG DAT YI DAT NN DAT TEST1 DAT SJ DAT RICOMP DAT TEST10 DAT DESS6520 DAT

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG

CHKJIG CR

***** LEARN DATA OF COMPONENTS TEST *****

then press TEST switch

Press the TEST switch on the printer section, and the program is generated automatically.

J (jumper check) and S (short check) are programmed automatically, using the SHORT REF resistance value in the lower right-hand corner of the LEARN DATA MENU screen as the threshold level. After the data has been learned, the generated program is stored in a floppy disk as an execution program (EXC FILE).

	•.			01 00/11	ONDATO	TEST **** Λctual	Masured	Parts	
STEP	PARTS	+P1N	- P I N	GND 1	GND2	Yalue	Yalue L		EXT
0105	S0001	156	1.5.7				Short good	1 2B	0
0106	S0002	158	159				Short good		0
0107	J0001	160	161				Jumper good		
0108	1.0001	163	162			12.Quli	20.6uH	ic	ñ
0109	1.0002	184	165			80.0uH	49.6ull	ič	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0110	1.0003	166	167			142.uli	000.uH	ic	ñ
0111	1.0004	169	168			450.ull	109.uli	ič	Õ
0112	1.0005	170	171			160.ull	026. ull	2 C	ō
0113	1.0006	172	173			800.ull	050.uH	3 C	Õ
0114	L0007	175	174			30.0mH	00.0mH	3C	Ŏ
0095	D0004	125	126				Overflow	1B	0
0096	D0005	127	128				745.mY	1B	0
0097	D0006	129	130				791.mY	1B	
0098	T0001	133	131				727.mY	2 B	ñ
0099	T0002	133	132				723.mY	2 B	ŏ
0100	P0001	146	147				1783.mV	1 B	Ŏ
1010	P0002	148	149				1792.mY	1 B	Ó
0102	P0003	150	151				1783.mY	1 B	0 0 0
0103	P0004	152	153				1789.mV	1 B	ñ

(3) DATA AVE (Learned data averaging)

PF3

This program learns data from up to nine good boards in the order of the initial data program steps. Then, it averages the data of up to ten boards including the board used for DATA LEARN (PF2).

In the course of averaging, the operator can monitor the maximum, minimum, and mean values of learned data for each step by the host computer screen. If he finds a file not adequate for averaging, he may delete it and execute the averaging operaton again.

The averaged data file is stored in a floppy disk as an execution reference data file.

***** LEARNED DATA AVERAGING *****

EXC FILE LIST

 ω

D1 .EXC CHKJIG .EXC Y1 .EXC TEST4 .EXC TEST1 .EXC SJ .EXC TEST2 .EXC R1COMP .EXC DSS6520 .EXC

key-in file name (max 8 characters) :

Key in the file name in response to the message in the above screen.

```
***** LEARNED -DATA AVERAGING *****
```

EXC FILE LIST

> key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG try to loarn the data afresh ? (Y/N)

If the specified file name exists already, indicate whether or not to replace the existing file.

Y

***** LEARNED DATA AVERAGING *****

EXC FILE LIST

DI .EXC CHKJIG .EXC VI .EXC TESTI .EXC TESTI .EXC SJ .EXC TEST2 .EXC RICONP .EXC DSS6520 .EXC

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG

CHKJIG CR

LEARN DATA OF CHKJIG

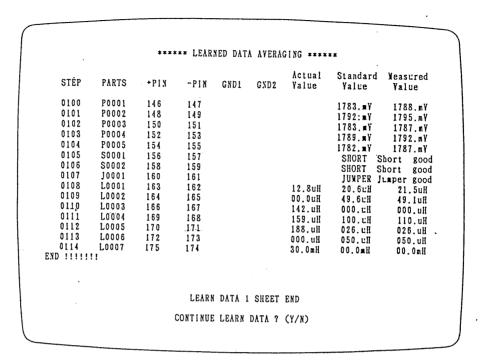
LEARN DATA 1 SHEET

then press TEST switch

Place the first PC board on the fixture and press the TEST switch.

						11	0	v
STEP	PARTS	+PIN	-PIN	GND1	GND2	Actual Yalue	Standard Yalue	Measured Value
0100	P0001	146	147				1783.mV	1788.mY
0101	P0002	148	149				1792.mV	1795.mV
0102	P0003	150	151				1783.mV	1787.mV
0103	P0004	152	153				1789.mV	1792.mV
0104	P0005	154	155				1782.mV	1787. mV
0105	80001	156	157				SHORT Sh	ort good
0106	S0002	158	159					ort good
0107	J0001	160	161				JUMPER Ju	mper good
0108	L0001	163	162			12.8uH	20.6uH	21.5uH
0109	L0002	164	165			00.0uli	49,-6uH	49.1uH
0110	L0003	166	167			142.uH	000.uH	Mu.000
0111	L0004	169	168			159.uH	100.uH	110.uH
0112	1.0005	170	171			188.uli	026.uH	026.uH
0113	L0006	172	173			000.uH	050.ull	050.ull
0114	L0007	175	174			30.0mH	00.0mH	00.0mH
D 11111	!!							

Data is learned according to the initial data of the same file name created in advance.



When the data for all the program steps has been learned, the system asks whether or not to continue the data learning. If data is to be learned from two PC boards, for example, select Y. \underline{Y}

LEARN DATA OF CHKJIG

LEARN DATA 2 SHEET

then press TEST switch

Replace the first board with the second one, and press the TEST switch again.

		****	· ** LEAR.	NED DVI	A ATERA	GING ****	**	
						Actual	Standard	
STEF	PARTS	+PIN	- P I N	GND1	GND2	Value.	Value	Yalue
0100		146	147	•			1783.mV	1788.mV
0101		148	149				1792.mV	1795.mY
0102		150	151				1783.mV	1787.mV
0103	P0004	152	153				1789.mV	1792.mV
0104	P0005	154	155				1782.mV	1787.aV
0105	\$0001	156	157				SHORT	Short good
0106	S0002	158	159				SHORT	Short good
0107	J0001	160	161				JUMPER	Jumper good
0108	L0001	163	162			12,8uH	20.6uH	21.5uH
0109	L0002	164	165			00.0uH	49.6uH	49.1uH
0110	L0003	166	167			142.uH	000.uli	000.uH
0111	L0004	169	168			159.ull	100.ull	110. uli
0112	L0005	170	171			188.uH	026.uH	026.uH
0113	L0006	172	173			000.uH	050.uH	050.ull
0114	L0007	175	174			30.0mH	00.0mH	00.0mH
ND !!!	1111						***************************************	

The system starts learning data from the second board.

						1		
STEP	PARTS	+ P I X	-PIN	GND1	GND2	Actual Yalue	Standard Yalue	Measured Value
0100	P0001	146	147				1783.mV	1788.mV
0101	P0002	148	149				1792.mV	1795.mY
0102	P0003	150	151				1783.mV	1787.mY
0103	P0004	152	153				1789.mV	1792.mV
0104	P0005	154	155				1782.mV	1787.mY
0105	S0001	156	157				SHORT Sho	ort good
0106	S0002	158	159				SHORT Sho	ort good
0107	J0001	160	161					nper good
0108	L0001	163	162			12.8uH	20.6ull	21.5ull
0109	L0002	164	165			00.0uH	49.6ull -	49.1uH
0110	L0003	166	167			142.uH	000.uH	000.uH
0111 0112	L0004	169	168			159.uH	100.uH	110.uH
0112	L0005	170	171			188.uH	026.uH	026.uH
0114	L0006 L0007	172	173			000.uH	050.uH	050.uH
) !!!!!!		175	174			30.0mH	00.0mH	00.0mH
, ,,,,,,	•							
			LEARN	DATA 2	SHEET	END		
			CONTINUE	TEADN	DATA 9	(V/V)		

When the data has been learned from the second board, the system asks whether or not to continue the data learning. Since the data is to be learned from two boards in this example, press N.

Then, the data in three files in total is averaged; the three files are the EXC file generated by DATA LEARN (PF2) and the two files generated by DATA AVE (PF3). $\underline{\rm N}$

LOADING FILE !!

B: CHKJIG.EXC.DS1 ~ .DS2

The above screen indicates that data has been learned from two boards.

***** LEARNED DATA AVERAGING *****

LOADING FILE !!

B : CHKJIG.EXC .DS1 ~ .DS2

display average file ? (Y/N)

To see the contents of the averaged data file: $\underline{\underline{Y}}$

			* LEAKNED	DATA AYERAC	ilNG ****	**		
	FILE NAME	: CHKJIG.AYE	:			[] IS FI	LE NUMBER	
מחדים	Dinzo	Standard	Average	Maxi	num	Minimum		
STEP	PARTS	Value	Yalue	Yalue	File	Yalue	File	
0001	R0001	1.41 o	1.39 o	1.41 o	[1]	1.35 o	£07	
0002	R0002		7.54 0	7.56 0	[2]		[2]	
0003	R0003	10.58 o	10.26 o		[E]	7.53 o 10.11 o	[E]	
004	R0003	10.2 o	10.0 o		[E]	09.9 0	[1]	
0005	R0004		33.1 o		[2]		[1]	
0006	R0005		69.3 o	69.5 o		32.9 o	[E]	
007	R0006		81.5 o	81.6 o	[4]	69.1 o	[E]	
800	R0007	99.4 o	99.4 0	99.5 0	[2] [2]	81.4 0	[E]	
1009	R0007		098. o		[4]	99.4 o	[E]	
010	R0008	337. o	337. o		[2] [2]	098. o	[E]	
011	R0009		672. o	672. o	[4] [9]	337. o	[E]	
012	R0010		812. o	812. o	[6]	672. o	[E]	
013	R.0011	1000. o	999. o	1000. o	[2] [2] [E] [2]	812. o	[E]	
014	R0011		1.02ko	1.02ko	[D]	999. o	[1]	
015	R0012	3.29ko	3.29ko	3.30ko	[2]	1.02ko	[E]	
016	R0013		6.78ko	6.78ko	[2] [2]	3.29ko	[E]	
017	R0014	8.19ko	8.19ko	8.19ko	[2]	6.78ko	[E]	
018	R0015	9.98ko	9.98ko		[2]	8.19ko	[E]	
019	R0015		10.1ko	10 16	[2]	9.98ko	[E]	
020	R0016	33.2ko	33.1ko	10.1ko	[2]	10.1ko	[E]	
		40.2KU	aa.IKO	33.2ko	[E]	33.1ko	[1]	

The letter "E" in the brackets [] after a maximum or minimum value in the above screen indicates that the value was obtained from the EXC file (execution data file) generated by PF2, and a number in

the brackets represents the ordinal number of the board from which the value was learned by PF3.

To display the next page, press an arbitrary key on the keyboard.

FILE	S NAME :	CHKJIG.AYE				[] IS FI	LE NUMBER
		Standard	Average	Waxi	mum	Mini	MUR
STEP	PARTS	Yalue	Yalue	Yalue	File	Yalue	File
101	P0002	1792.mY	1794.mV	1795.mY	[2]	1792.mV	[E]
0102	P0003	1783.mY	1785.mV	1787.mY	[2]	1783.mY	(Ē)
1103	P0004	1789.m _. Y	1791.mY	1792.mY	[2]	1789.mV	[Ē]
0104	P0005	1792.mY	1785.mY	1787.mY	[1]	1782.mV	(E)
0105	20001	SHORT	SHORT	SHORT	[E]	SHORT	[E]
106	S0002	SHORT	SHORT	SHORT	[E]	SHORT	[E]
1107	J0001	JUMPER	JUMPER	JUMPER	[E]	JUMPER	[E]
108	L0001	20.6uH	21.2uH	21.7uH	[2]	20.6uH	[E]
109	L0002	49.6uH	49.3uH	49.6uH	[E]	49.1uH	[1]
110	L0003	000.uH	Nu.000	000.uH	[2]	000,uH	[E]
1111	L0004	109.uH	109.uli	110.uK	[2]	109.uH	[E]
1112	L0005	026.uH_	026.uH	028.uH	[2]	026.uH	[E]
1113	L0006	050.uH	050.uH	050.uH	[2]	050.uH	[E]
114	L0007	00.0mH	00.0mH	00.0mH	[2]	00.0mH	[E]

When all the pages have been displayed, the following message appears on the screen:

****** LEARNED DATA AVERAGING ******

delete file (Y/N)

The above message asks if any of the learned data files are inadequate for averaging. To delete the inadequate files: \underline{Y}

***** LEARNED DATA AVERAGING *****

delete file (Y/N) Y

delete file number ?

delete medium file (.DS9 & .AVE) ? (Y/N)

Key in the numbers of the files to be deleted, and the averaging is executed again without the specified files.

***** LEARNED DATA AVERAGING *****

delete file (Y/N) N

generate .EXC file ? (Y/N)

When no files need be deleted any more, convert the averaged data file into execution data file (EXC) by the following operation:

<u>N</u> <u>Y</u>

***** LEARNED DATA AVERAGING *****

delete file (Y/N) N

generate .EXC file ? (Y/N) Y

delete medium file (.DS9 & .AVE) ? (Y/N)

If the learned data files and averaged data file are not necessary any more, delete them.

(4) STATISTICS (Statistical data processing)

PF4

This is the statistical data processing program for the daily test operation. Since it prints such information as the number of tested boards, that of failed ones, and the failure counts classified by step number, it can be used for obtaining the statistical data by lot, day, week, etc.

***** STATISTICS *****

PRINTING DATA TO PRINTER !!
WAIT A MINUTE

```
***** STATISTICS *****
            TEST NUMBER FAIL NUMBER
                                 91 SHEET
50 SHEET
                * FAIL DETAILS *
            SHORT ERROR
OPEN ERROR
                                 1 SHEET
6 SHEET
STEP NUMBER
0029
0030
                                         FAIL NUMBER
                                               13
     0031
     0032
                                               33
33
32
     0038
     0045
     0046
     0064
     0065
     0067
0068
     then hit any key to NEXT PAGE:
```

The statistical data is output not only to the APC-2000 printer but also to the computer screen.

```
***** STATISTICS *****
            TEST NUMBER
            FAIL NUMBER
                               50 SHEET
               * FAIL DETAILS *
************
            SHORT-ERROR
                               1 SHEET
           OPEN ERROR
                               6 SHEET
STEP NUMBER
                                     FAIL NUMBER
     0069
     .0090
                                            28
     0095
                                           20
1
27
26
26
26
26
26
25
     0099
     0109
     0110
     0113
0114
clear out of total & fail counter (Y/N) ?
```

To reset the number of tested boards and that of failed ones to 0, press Y.

```
******* STATISTICS ******

TEST NUMBER 91 SHEET
FAIL NUMBER 50 SHEET

*******************

* FAIL DETAILS *

*******************

SHORT ERROR 1 SHEET
OPEN ERROR 6 SHEET

STEP NUMBER FAIL NUMBER

0069 2
0070 2
0090 28
0095 20
0090 28
0095 20
0099 1
0100 27
0109 25
0110 26
0111 26
0112 26
0113 25
0114 10

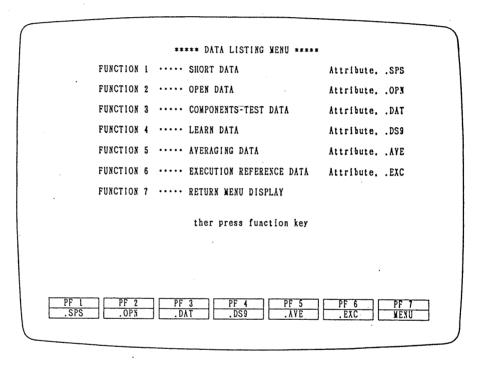
clear out of total & fail counter (Y/N) ?
```

To clear all the details of failure steps (FAIL DETAILS), press Y.

Since the host computer UNIVAC UP10E contains a standard Centronics printer interface, an external printer having the Centronics interface can be connected to it.

Depending on the type of the printer, however, the interface connector pin configuration may not match with that on the host computer. Check the pin assignment on the printer connector.

The data and programs output to the external printer can also be displayed on the computer screen.



To output the all-pin short check data: PF1

***** INITIAL DATA<SHORT> LIST OUT *****

SPS FILE LIST

key-in file name (max-8 characters) :

***** INITIAL DATA<SHORT> LIST OUT *****

SPS FILE LIST

TT .SPS TEST8 .SPS TEST1 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST10 .SPS TEST8 .SPS CHKJIG .SPS RUSH1 .SPS DATA .SPS DSS6520 .SPS ABCD .SPS FLT .SPS

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHXJIG

CHKJIG CR

```
***** INITIAL DATA<SHORT> LIST OUT *****

SPS FILE LIST

TT .SPS TEST6 .SPS TEST1 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST2 .SPS TEST3 .SPS TEST10 .SPS TEST8 .SPS CHKJIG .SPS RUSH1 .SPS DATA .SPS DSS6520 .SPS ABCD .SPS FLT .SPS

key-in file name ( max 8 characters ) : CHKJIG Select device ? (C=crt/P=printer)
```

Indicate whether the all-pin short check data is to be displayed on the computer screen or to be printed on the external printer.

```
***** INITIAL DATA SHORT> LIST OUT *****
       FILE NAME : CHKJIG.SPS
       MAX PIN ..... 173
STEP REF PIN
                    PASS PIN
       000 ----- 001
0001
0001
       001 ..... 000
       116 ····· 115
117 ···· 118, 157
0004
0005
       119 ..... 117. 157
0006
       157 ..... 117, 118
0007
0008
       161 :---- 160
0009
       162 .... 163
0010
0011
       164 .... 165
       165 · · · · 164
0012
0013
0014
0015 170 ···· 171
0016 171 ··· 170
0017 172 ··· 173
0018 173 ··· 172
                          them hit any key-to RETURN:
```

```
OPN FILE LIST

CHKJIG .OPN TEST3 .OPN CVB .OPN CBX .OPN TEST2 .OPN
TEST1 .OPN TEST4 .OPN TEST5 .OPN DATA .OPN TEST5 .OPN
TEST7 .OPN C .OPN CTEST2 .OPN V .OPN DSS6520 .OPN
CHKJGI :OPN ABCD .OPN

key-in file name ( max 8 characters ) :
```

Select PF2, and the all-pin open check file names are displayed.

```
******** INITIAL DATA<OPEN> LIST OUT *******

OPN FILE LIST

CHKJIG .OPN TEST3 .OPN CVB .OPN CBX .OPN TEST2 .OPN
TEST1 .OPN TEST4 .OPN TEST6 .OPN DATA .OPN TEST5 .OPN
TEST7 .OPN C .OPN CTEST2 .OPN V .OPN DSS6520 .OPN
CHKJGI .OPN ABCD .OPN

key-in file name ( max 8 characters ) : CHKJIG
```

CHKJIG CR

```
****** INITIAL DATA<OPEN> LIST OUT ******
OPN FILE LIST
CHKJIG
         .OPN
               TEST3
                        OPN
                             CYB
TEST6
                                                    .OPN
                                                          TEST2
TEST5
                                                                     .OPN
                                           DATA
TESTI
               TEST4
                       .OPN
                                     .OPN
                                                                    .OPN
TEST7
         .OPX
                              CTEST2 .OPN
                                                          DSS6520
                                                                   .OPN
               ÅBCD
CHKJGI
         .OPN
                        .OPN
                 key-in file name ( max 8 characters ) : CHKJIG
                       Select device ? (C=crt/P=printer)
```

Indicate whether the all-pin open check list is to be displayed on the computer screen or to be printed on the external printer.

```
****** INITIAL DATA COMPONENTS TEST> LIST OUT ******
```

DAT FILE LIST

key-in file name (max 8 characters) :

Select PF3, and the initial data (DAT) file names are displayed.

****** INITIAL DATA<COMPONENTS TEST> LIST OUT ******

DAT FILE LIST

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG

 $\underline{C} \ \underline{H} \ \underline{K} \ \underline{J} \ \underline{I} \ \underline{G}$ \underline{CR}

******* INITIAL DATA<COMPONENTS TEST> LIST OUT ****** DAT FILE LIST TEST2 .DAT MPX .DAT TEST4 .DAT D1 .DAT CHKJIG .DAT Y1 .DAT MN .DAT TEST1 .DAT SJ .DAT NONTA .DAT RICOMP .DAT TEST10 .DAT DSS6520 .DAT

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG
Select device ? (C=crt/P=printer)

Indicate whether the initial data list is to be displayed on the computer screen or to be printed on the external printer.

			DATE (002		10017 51	ST OUT **	7.7.4.6	
F	ILE NAME :	CHKJIG.	DAT					
STEP	PARTS	+PIN	-PIN	GND1	GND2	Actual Value	Parts Location	EXT
0001	01234	000	001			1.00nF	1.1	0
0002	R0002	002	003			7.48 o	1 Å	0
0003	R0003	005	004			9.95 o	1 Å	0
0004	R0003	005	004			99.0 o	1 Å	0
0005	R0004	006	007			33.3 o	1 Å	0
0006	R0005	009	800			69.7 o	1 Å	0
0007	R0006	011	0.1.0			82.1 o	1 Å	0
8000	R0007	012	013			99.9 o	2 Å	0
0009	R0007	012	013			100. o	2 A	0
0010	R0008	014	015			340. o	2 Å	0
0011	R0009	016	017			677. o	2 A	0
0012	R0010	0.1.8-	019			817. o	. 2 Å	0
0013	R0011	021	020	•		999. o	2 A	0
0014	R0011	020	021			1.01ko	2 A	. 0
0015	R0012	022	023			3.29ko	2 Å	0
0016	R0013	024	025			6.79ko	2 A	Ō
0017	R0014	026	027			8.21ko	2 A	Ö
0018	R0015	028	0.29			9.99ko	3 Å	Ŏ
0019	R0015	029	028			10.0ko	3 Å	Ö
0020	R0018	031	030			33.2ko	3 Å	Ò

***** LEARN DATA LIST OUT *****

DS9 FILE LIST

DSS6520 .DS1 CHKJIG .DS1 CHKJIG .DS2

key-in file name (max 8 characters):

Select $\underline{PF4}$, and the learned data (DS1 - DS2) file names are displayed.

***** LEARN DATA LIST OUT *****

DS9 FILE LIST

DSS6520 .DS1 CHKJIG .DS1 CHKJIG .DS2

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG attribute number :

CHKJIG CR

Key in the ordinal number of the board whose data is to be listed.

```
***** LEARN DATA LIST OUT *****
```

DS9 FILE LIST

DSS6520 .DS1 CHKJIG .DS1 CHKJIG .DS2

key-in file name (\max 8 characters) : CHKJIG attribute number : 1

1

***** LEARN DATA LIST OUT *****

DS9 FILE LIST .

DSS6520 .DS1 CHKJIG .DS1 CHKJIG .DS2

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG Select device ? (C=crt/P=printer)

Indicate whether the learned data list is to be displayed on the computer screen or to be printed on the external printer.

****** LEARN DATA LIST OUT ***** FILE NAME : CHKJIG.DS1 standard Actual Messured PARTS ROOO1 Yalue 1.24 o 7.48 o Yalue 1.41 o 7.53 o STEP +PIN -PIN GND1 GND2 000 1.41 0 0001 100 0002 R0002 003 0003 R0003 004 005 9.95 o 10.58 o 10.11 o 0004 0005 99.0 o 10.2 o 32.9 o 09.9 o 33.1 o R0003 0.05 004 R0004 006 007 0006 R0005 008 69.7 o 69.1 o 69.5 o 81.4 o 99.4 o 098. o 337. o 0007 R0006 011 010 82.1 o 81.6 o 0008 R0007 0.1.2 013 99.9 o 99.5 o 100. 0 099. o 337. o 0009 R0007 012 014 013 015 0010 R0008 340. o R0009 677. o 0012 0013 812. o 1000. o 1.02ko 812. o 999. o 1.02ko R0010 018 019 817. o 999. o R0011 021 020 0014 R0011 020 021 1.01ko 0015 R0012 022 023 3.29ko 3.29ko 6.78ko 8.19ko 3.29ko 0016 R0013 R0014 024 025 027 6.78ko 8.21ko 6.78ko 8.19ko R0015 028 029 9.99ko 9.99ko 9.99ko 10.1ko 33.2ko R0015 R0016 029 10.0ko 33.2ko 10.1ko 33.1ko 0019 028 0020 030 then hit any key to NEXT PAGE:

***** AYERAGING DATA LIST OUT *****

AVE FILE LIST

TEST2 .AVE DSS6520 .AVE Y1 .AVE CHKJIG .AVE TEST1 .AVE RICOMP .AVE

key-in file name (max 8 characters):

Select PF5, and the averaged data file names are displayed.

***** AVERAGING DATA LIST OUT *****

AVE FILE LIST

TEST2 .AYE DSS6520 .AYE Y1 .AYE CHKJIG .AYE TEST1 .AYE RICOMP .AYE

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG

CHKJIG CR

***** AYERAGING DATA LIST OUT *****

AVE FILE LIST

TEST2 .AYE DSS6520 .AYE Y1 .AYE CHKJIG .AYE TEST1 .AYE R1COMP .AYE

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG
Select device ? (C=crt/P=printer)

Indicate whether the averaged data list is to be displayed on the computer screen or to be printed on the external printer.

***** AYERAGING DATA LIST OUT ***** FILE NAME : CHKJIG.AVE [] IS FILE NUMBER Actual Average Maximum Minimum Yalue 1.41 o 7.54 o 0.34 o STEP PARTS Yalue 1.41 o File Yalue Yalue 0001 R0001 1.41 o 7.55 o 0.58 o 1.41 0 R0002 7.53 o 7.53 o 0003 R0003 0.58 o 0.11 o 09.9 o 32.9 o 10.8 o 33.0 o 69.3 o 81.5 o 99.4 o 10.2 o 32.9 o 10.2 o 0004 R0003 0005 R0004 33.1 o 81.4 o 99.4 o 098. o 337. o 0006 R0005 69.1 o 81.4 o 99.4 o 69.5 o 81.6 o 0007 R0006 0008 R0007 R0007 99.5 o 0009 098. o 337. o 672. o 099. o 337. o 672. o 098. o 0010 R0008 337. o 672. o 0011 R0009 R0010 672. o 812. o 000. o 1.02ko 3.29ko 6.78ko 0012 812. o 000. o 812. o 999. o 0013 999. o 1.02ko 3.29ko 1.02ko 3.29ko 8.78ko 1.02ko 3.29ko 0014 0015 R0011 R0012 0016 R0013 8.78ko 8.19ko 0017 R0014 R0015 8.19ko 8.19ko 8.19ko 0018 9.98ko 10.1ko 9.99ko 10.1ko 9.98ko 9.98ko 0019 R0015 10.1ko 10.1ko 0020 R0016 33.2ko 33.2ko 33.2ko 33.1ko then hit any key to NEXT PAGE:

***** COMPONENT EXECUTION DATA LIST OUT *****

EXC FILE LIST

DI .EXC CHKJIG .EXC Y1 .EXC TEST4 .EXC TEST1 .EXC SJ .EXC TEST2 .EXC RICOMP .EXC DSS6520 .EXC

key-in file name (max 8 characters):

Select PF6, and the execution data file names are displayed.

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***** COMPONENT EXECUTION DATA LIST OUT *****

EXC FILE LIST

D1 .EXC CHKJIG .EXC V1 .EXC TEST4 .EXC TEST1 .EXC SJ .EXC TEST2 .EXC RICOMP .EXC DSS6520 .EXC

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG

CHKJIG CR

***** COMPONENT EXECUTION DATA LIST OUT *****

EXC FILE LIST

DI .EXC CHKJIG .EXC Y1 .EXC TEST4 .EXC TEST1 .EXC SJ .EXC TEST2 .EXC R1COMP .EXC DSS6520 .EXC

key-in file name (max 8 characters) : CHKJIG
Select device ? (C=crt/P=printer)

Indicate whether the execution data list is to be displayed on the computer screen or to be printed on the external printer.

****** COMPONENT EXECUTION DATA LIST OUT ***** FILE NAME : CHKJIG.EXC Actual Standard Parts + PARTS +PIN -PIN GND1 GND2 Yalue Yalue Location err err delay EXT STEP 1.24 o 1.41 o 7.40 o 7.54 o 9.95 o 10.34 o 99.0 o 10.0 o 33.3 o 33.0 o 69.7 o 69.3 o 89.1 o 8 R0001 10 10 R0002 R0003 10 10 005 R0003 10.0 o 33.0 o 69.3 o 81.5 o 99.4 o 098. o 337. o 672. o 812. o 999. o 1.02ko 3.29ko 6.78ko 8.19ko 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 R0004 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 0007 R0005 R0006 011 012 013 82.1 o 99.9 o 100. o 340. o 677. o 999. o 1.01ko 3.29ko 6.78ko 8.21ko 9.99ko 10.0ko R0007 R0007 R0008 -012 014 016 017 R0009 R0010 R0011 R0011 021 020 021 R0012 R0013 R0014 R0015 0016 024 026 00 00 027 9.98ko 10.1ko 33.1ko 10 10 R0015 R0016 Ō 33.2ko

then hit any key to NEXT PAGE:

5.4 Daily Operation Procedures

This section explains the daily operation procedures for testing the same model PC boards everyday for a certain period of time.

(1) Turn on the power for the vacuum pump and set the power key switch of the main frame to ON. Then, insert APC2000 SYSTEM DISK into drive A. When the floppy disk is locked, the self-check operation is performed automatically, and if no errors are found, the system is set in the TEST READY mode. If errors are found, the error items are displayed on the screen. To proceed with the initially intended operation even if the errors are reported, press the RETURN key.

If a RAM CHECK error is reported by the self-check operation executed after termination of the maintenance operation without pressing the "E" key, transfer the execution data (EXC FILE) according to the procedure explained in Section 5.3.1 (4) and execute the self-check operation again by pressing the CTRL and RESET keys at the same time.

If the power switch is turned on immediately after it is turned off, the APC-2000 may operate incorrectly. Therefore, turn on the power switch at least several seconds after it is turned off. Note that this condition also applies to the case of momentary power failure.

- (2) Since not only the modes specified for DISPLAY (MAP/NORM), SHORT REF (1 15), PRINT CONT (FAIL, ALL, NON), and TEST SEQ (S-O-C, etc.) but also the execution programs (all-pin short check, all-pin open check, and component test) are preserved by the backup feature, the operator only needs to set a PC board on the jig and press the START switch on the printer section for the daily test operation.
- (3) The PC board is tested according to the predetermined sequence, and if it is found to be a good board, the PASS lamp on the printer section is turned on with a melolodious note and the message "PASS" is displayed on the host computer screen.

- (4) If defective portions are found by the all-pin short check or all-pin open check in the S-O-C, S-C, O-C, or S-O sequence, information on the defective portions is displayed and the measuring is terminated. The tested PC board can be removed from the jig when the measuring is terminated.
- (5) If FAIL is specified as the printer output mode (PRINT CONT) for the component test, the failure step information is output to both screen and printer in realtime mode. Note that the test on the next PC board can be started when the message "TEST READY" is displayed on the screen even if the information is still being output to the printer.

 When the printer output mode is NON, the failure step information is displayed on the host computer screen only. To print out this information after the test has finished, specify FAIL for PRINT CONT and press the RE-PRINT function key. It can also be printed out if PF13 is pressed.

 When the printer output mode is ALL, information on all steps is output regardless of the test results.
- (6) When a large number of PC boards are tested, the pins may be warn away or soiled with flux, the filter in the jig may become dirty, and the solenoid valve filter in the jig table and vacuum pump filter may be clogged. These parts must be cleaned and replaced regularly.

5.5 Switching the Board Model to be Tested

The explanation in this section is based on the assumption that the execution programs for the new model are already completed.

(1) Replace jig

Disconnect the vacuum hose and 50-pin Amphenol connector from the jig, replace the jig with the one designed for the new PCB model, and reconnect the hose and connector. Be sure to reconnect cables in the correct order.

(2) Transfer execution programs

Insert the floppy disk (WORK FILE) containing the execution programs for the new PCB model into floppy disk drive B. Select the TRANSFER function key in the TEST READY mode, and transfer the execution programs from the host computer to APC-2000.

After the execution programs have been transferred, set the system in the TEST READY mode again and specify the DISPLAY, SHORT REF, PRINT CONT, and TEST SEQ modes for the new PCB model. Then, the new model PC boards can be tested by the daily operation procedures explained in Section 5.4.

5.6 WORK FILE Creation Procedure

The contents of the supplied floppy disks are as follows:

APC 2000 AUTOMATIC
PC BOARD CHECKER
SYSTEM

This floppy disk contains all the programs for APC-2000.

Normally, it is inserted into drive A.

APC 2000 AUTOMATIC
PC BOARD CHECKER
WORK FILE

This is a WORK FILE floppy disk to contain the APC-2000 initial data, learned data, execution reference data, and other data

Normally, it is inserted into drive B.

SYSTEM DISK
CP/M. Ver. 2.2
SBASIC III Ver. 3.0

This is the system disk for the host computer. It is an original disk containing CP/M and SBASIC, etc.

To create a WORK FILE floppy disk from a new floppy disk, the floppy disk must be initialized (formatted).

Formatting method

Insert CP/M SYSTEM DISK into drive A and press the CTRL and RESET keys simultaneously. Then, the prompter "A > " appears.

After executing "A > FORMAT <u>RETURN</u>", insert a new floppy disk into drive A and key in "Y". Then, the formatting is started. When the formatting has finished, the message "FORMATTING---" is displayed and the floppy disk is tested (approximately 2 minutes).

When the test has finished, the message "DISK TEST COMPLETED---" is displayed, indicating the completion of formatting. After this more floppy disks may be formatted if the operator wishes.

The next step is to load the system program into the formatted floppy disk (SYSGEN).

SYSGEN procedure

Insert CP/M SYSTEM DISK into drive A and press the CTRL and RESET keys simultaneously; then, the prompter "A>" appears.

After executing "A > SYSGEN <u>RETURN</u>", key in "A" in response to the message "SOURCE DRIVE NAME?", and press the RETURN key in response to the message "SOURCE ON A THEN TYPE RETURN". Then, insert the formatted new floppy disk into drive B.

Key in "B" in response to the message "DESTINATION DRIVE NAME", and press the RETURN key in response to the message "DESTINATION ON DRIVE B---". When the SYSGEN operation is completed, the message "FUNCTION COMPLETE" appears. In this stage, the operator may start the SYSGEN operation for another floppy disk if he wishes.

To return to the prompter A > of CP/M, press the CTRL and RESET switches.

After the SYSGEN operation, write a PIP command into this WORK FILE.

Writing PIP command

Insert CP/M SYSTEM DISK into drive A and press the CTRL and RESET keys simultaneously; then the prompter "A >" appears.

Insert the WORK FILE floppy disk, for which formatting and SYSGEN have been completed, into drive B. Execute "A > PIP B:=PIP.COM RETURN", and the PIP command is written into the WORK FILE.

A new WORK FILE floppy disk is created by the above operations. It is advisable that all the available floppy disks should be formatted at a time.

The PIP command written into the WORK FILE is used for the WORK FILE backup operation explained in the next section. Refer to the computer operation manual for details.

5.7 Floppy Disk Backup Methods

To protect precious information from accidental damage or destruction, it is advisable to make a backup copy of every floppy disk containing important data.

As the backup floppy disk, prepare a new floppy disk which has been formatted according to the formatting procedure. (If the floppy disk is to be used as a backup floppy disk for WORK FILE or CP/M, both the formatting and SYSGEN must have been completed for it.)

The backup method varies by the content of the supplied disk as follows:

WORK FILE backup method

Insert the WORK FILE floppy disk into drive A, and the floppy disk for which the formatting and SYSGEN has been completed into drive B. Press the CTRL and RESET keys simultaneously, and the prompter "A > "appears.

Execute "A > PIP B:=A:*.*RETURN", and the entire WORK FILE is copied from drive A to drive B.

APC 2000 system disk backup method

Insert CP/M SYSTEM DISK into drive A. Press the CTRL and RESET keys simultaneously, and the prompter "A >" appears.

After executing "A > DCOP <u>RETURN</u>", insert the APC 2000 system disk into drive A in place of the UP10E CP/M SYSTEM DISK, and a formatted backup floppy disk into drive B. Execute "S <u>RETURN</u>" in response to the message "Type S or V", and the copy operation is started. When the copy operation is completed, the message "FUNCTION COMPLETED" is displayed.

CP/M SYSTEM DISK backup method

Insert the CP/M SYSTEM DISK into drive A.

Press the CTRL and RESET keys simultaneously, and the prompter "A >" appears.

Insert the floppy disk for which the formatting and SYSGEN has been completed into drive B.

Execute "A > PIP B:=A:*.*", and all the contents of CP/M SYSTEM DISK in drive A are copied to the floppy disk in drive B.

The APC 2000 System Disk causes both the SBASIC on CP/M and the programs in the APC-2000 program menu to be started automatically. For more details on floppy disk copy and file name alteration, refer to the host computer operation manual.

5.8 Increasing Pins (MPX Boards)

To increase the testing pins, the following devices are required according to the number of the pins:

MX01-APC: Multiplexer card on which relays are mounted. Sixteen pins can be added by one MX01-APC card.

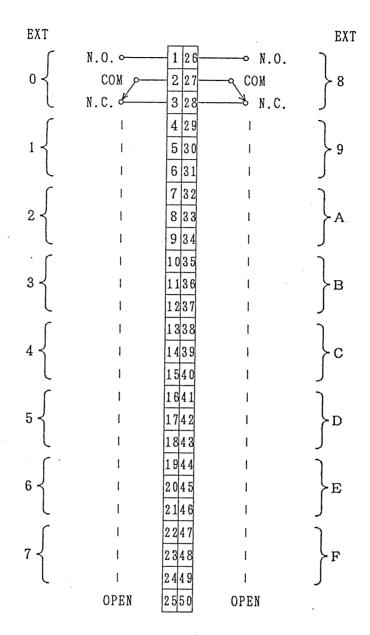
CA01-APC: Multiplexer cable to connect the main frame to the jig.

One CA01-APC cable is required for every 48 additional pins.

MB01-APC: Mother board required when the maximum number of testing pins is 513 or more.

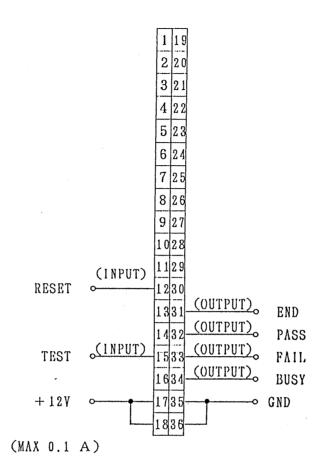
When the multiplexer cards have been increased or decreased, change the maximum number of pins for SELF CHECK, referring to Section 5.3.1 (4).

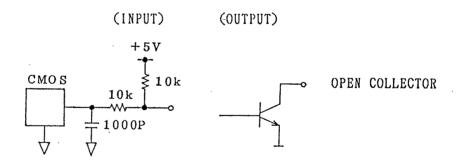
5.9 EXT CONTROL (External Control)



Key in 0 - F for the item of EXT at the time of initial data creation or maintenance, and only the step specified by one of the 16 relays in APC-2000 can be executed.

Apply voltage to a test board by connecting the APC-2000 to an external power supply unit, and the voltage distribution can be measured and the board quality can be judged (see Section 7.4).





Use this connector for making a system by connecting the APC-2000 to an external unit.

6. THEORY OF OPERATION

6.1 Block Diagram

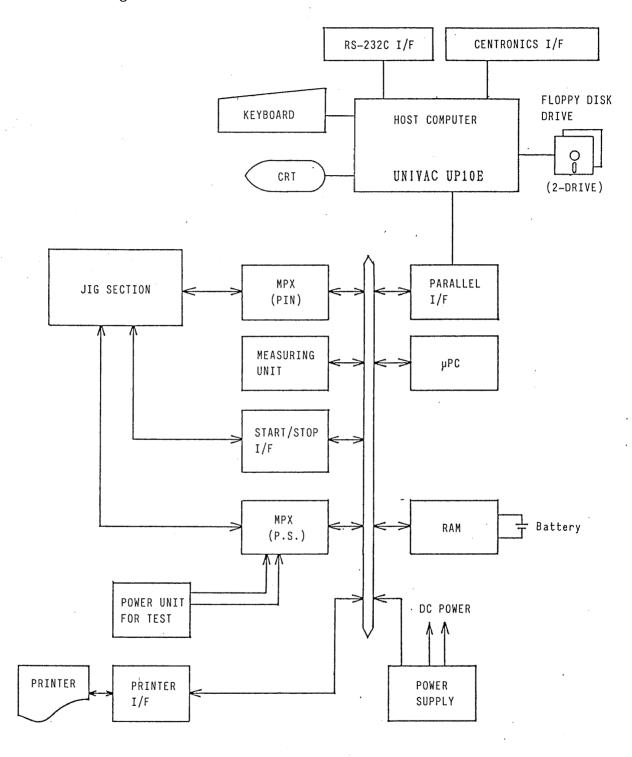
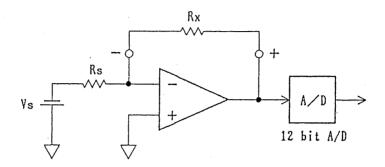


Fig. 6.1 Block diagram

6.2 Theory of Measurement

6.2.1 Measurement of resistance



Vs: Reference voltage Rs: Reference resistance Rx: Measured resistance

Fig. 6.2 Resistance measurement theory

Rx range	Measuring range	Rs	Vs	Over-resistance display
10.00Ω	1.00 - 15.00 Ω	10 Ω	0.3V	20.00Ω or higher
100.0Ω	10.0 - 150.0 Ω	100 Ω	0.30	200.0Ω or higher
1000.Ω	100 - 1500 Ω	1 kΩ	0.3V	2000Ω or higher
10.00 kΩ	1.00 - 15.00 kΩ	10 kΩ	0.3V%	20.00 k Ω or higher
100.0 kΩ	10.0 - 150.0 kΩ	100 kΩ	0.3V	200.0kΩ or higher
1000. kΩ	100 - 1500 kΩ	1 ΜΩ	0.30	2000kΩ or higher
4.00 ΜΩ	1.00 - 6.00 ΜΩ	1 ΜΩ	0.10	6.00 M Ω or higher

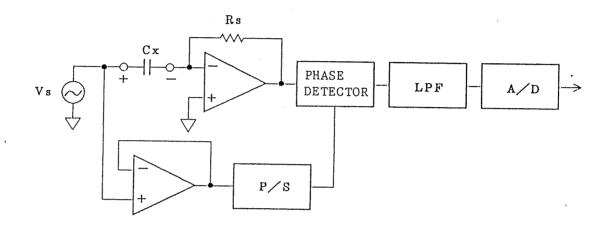
When Rx is infinite, the application voltage is suppressed to abvout 0.7V by an over-voltage protection circuit.

Short-circuit check (S) and jumper conduction check (J) are executed in a fixed range of 10.00Ω .

6.2.2 Measurement of capacitance

The capacitance of a condenser is measured by two different methods. This section explains the phase detection method to measure the capacitance of up to $15.00\mu F$ and the TC method to measure the capacitance of more than $10.0\mu F$ separately.

(1) Phase detection method



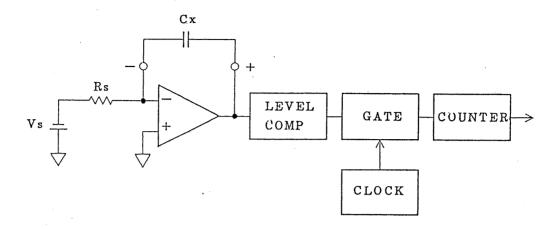
Vs: Reference AC voltage source

Rs: Reference resistance Cx: Measured capacitor

Fig. 6.3 Theory of phase detection method for measuring capacitance

Cx range	Measuring range	Rs	Vs	Over-capacitance display
10.00 pF	10.0 - 15.00 pF	1 ΜΩ	10kHz	200.0pF or higher
1000. pF	100 - 1500 pF	100 kΩ	10kHz	2000pF or higher
10.00 nF	1.00 - 15.00 nF	10 kΩ	10kHz	20.00nF or higher
100.0 nF	10.0 - 150.0 nF	1 kΩ	10kHz	200.0nF or higher
1000. nF	100 - 1500 nF	1 kΩ	1 kHz	2000nF or higher
10.00 μF	1.00 - 15.00 μF	100 Ω	1 kHz	20.00μF or higher

The application voltage to Cx is suppressed to about 0.7Vp-p by an overvoltage protection circuit.



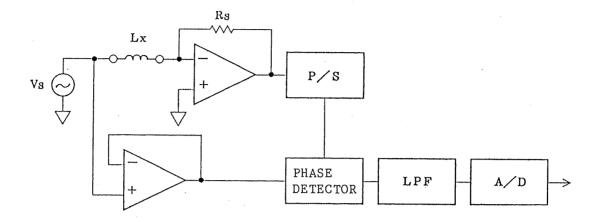
Vs: Reference voltage Rs: Reference resistance Cx: Measured capacitor

Fig. 6.4 Theory of TC method for measuring capacitance

Cx range	Measuring range	Rs	Vs	CLOCK	Over-capacitance display
100.0 μF	10.0 - 150.0 μF	1 kΩ	0.37	20kHz	200.0μF or higher
1000 µF	100 - 1500 μF	100 Ω	0.30	20kHz	2000μF or higher
4.00 mF	1.00 - 6.00 mF	100 Ω	0.30	2 kHz	20.00mF or higher

The application voltage to Cx is suppressed to about 0.7V by an overvoltage protection circuit.

6.2.3 Measurement of inductance



Vs: Reference AC voltage
Rs: Reference resistance
Lx: Measured inductance

Fig. 6.5 Inductance measurement theory

Lx range	Measuring range	Rs	Vs	Over-inductance display
100.0 µН	10 - 15.00 μH	10 Ω	10kHz	200.0μH or higher
1000 μΗ	100 - 1500 µн	100 Ω	10kHz	2000μH or higher
10.00 mH	1 - 15.00 mH	1 kΩ	10kHz	20.00mH or higher
100.0 mH	10 - 150.0 mH	10 kΩ	10kHz	200.0mH or higher
400 mH	100 - 600 mH	100 kΩ	10kHz	2000mH or higher

The application voltage to Lx is suppressed to about 2Vp-p by an overvoltage protection circuit.

6.3 Guarding Method

When a complex circuit of a part is measured simply by two terminals, high measurement accuracy cannot be guaranteed due to round-about impedance.

To avoid the effect of roud-about impedance as mush as possible, the APC-2000 allows the user to program a guarding method.

Figure 6.6 shows an example of the guarding method based on the theory diagrams in Section 6.2.

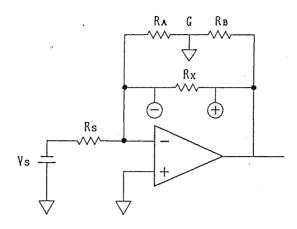


Fig. 6.6 Guarding method

In Figure 6.6, serial registors R_A and R_B are connected in parallel with the resistor (Rx) to be measured. Since good measurement accuracy cannot be obtained only by the measurement accross Rx (+ and -), node G between R_A and R_B is grounded so that it may be on the same level as the imaginary ground of the aplifier. Consequently, no current flow through R_A and only the current passing through Rx can be measured. This means that the measurement of Rx is not affected by the impedance of R_A and R_B .

On the APC-2000, up to two points may be grounded per step for any pins.

This guarding method is effective for the complex circuits of capacitors, inductors, and resistors.

6.4 Measurement Delay

When measuring a resistance in a circuit network wherein the resistor to be measured is connected in parallel with a capacitor, it is preferable that the measurement be started after the capacitor is fully charged up. To enable this, a measurement delay can be specified for resistance measurement, as follows:

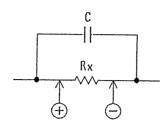


Fig. 6.7 R/C parallel circuit

<Measurement delay> A value from 00 to 99 may be specified for the
item "DELAY" in the maintenance mode (100 types delays by the step of
10ms are available).

00 : 0m	sec	20	0	200m	sec
01 : 10m	sec			:	
02 : 20m	sec			:	
03 : 30m	sec	50	9	500m	sec
04 : 40m	sec			:	
. •	•			:	
10 : 100m	sec	99	:	990m	sec
11 : 110m	sec				
•					

For the parallel circuit as shown in Figure 6.8, measurement delay need not be specified if the G terminal is grounded according to the theory of guarding method.

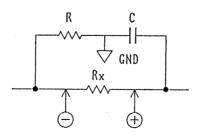


Fig. 6.8 R/C serial-parallel circuit

6.5 Judgement Criterion Error

When the execution reference data is created from the data learned from a good board, the default values of the tolerance error ranges are set as follows:

R: $\pm 10\%$ T: $\pm 10\%$ C: $\pm 20\%$ P: $\pm 10\%$

L: +20%

D: ±10% V: +10%

The above ranges may be altered by use of the MAINTENANCE program menu.

The alteration may be done for each test step or for each part type.

For the short check (S) and jumper conduction check (J), the value of SHORT REF is used as the criterion.

A transistor with resistance (M) is judged as PASS if the measured value is greater than the standard value and as FAIL if it is smaller than the standard value.

6.6 All-Pin Short Check Algorithm

The short circuit caused by a solder bridge or some other reason ranks first among the factors to bring about failures of the PC boards on which parts are mounted.

Since the APC-2000 generates a short check program automatically and checks all pins, the short circuit at even unexpected portions can be detected in a few seconds.

For the all-pin short check, the program which recognizes the pins short-circuited from the beginning (by jumper wire, etc.) as pass pins and checks all the remaining pins must be generated from a good board.

- 6.6.1 Data learning procedure
 - (1) If pins 0-150 are used on the jig, for example, key in the information "150".
 - (2) Pins 0-150 are tested one by one sequentially, and if the value obtained from a test step is smaller than the value of SHORT REF (1-15 Ω), that step and pertinent pin numbers are memorized.
 - $0 \longleftrightarrow 1-150$ all short-circuited $1 \longleftrightarrow 0$ and 2-150 all short-circuited :
 - (3) Each one of the pins memorized in step (2) is tested with each one of the remaining pins, and the short-circuit pins are memorized as the learned data.

REF	Ε	IN	P	ASS	PIN
(C		-	1.3	3
:	L		-	0.3	3
3	3	<u> </u>	-	0.3	L
15	5		-	17.	L40
:	:			:	
:	:			:	

- 6.6.2 Execution program transfer
 - (1) The data obtained in step (3) of Section 6.6.1 is transferred.
- 6.6.3
- (1) The all-pin short check is executed according to TEST SEQ. If an error is found, the test is terminated without proceeding to the measuring of resistance or capacitance.

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6.7 All-Pin Open Check Algorithm

To judge if a PC board is good or not, the testing pins mist be brought into good contact with the PC board.

The APC-2000 can find the poor pin contact caused by flux or pin abrasion within a few seconds.

For the all-pin open check, a program to recognize the pins originally having high impedance against other pins as pass pins and to check all the remaining pins must be generated from a good board.

6.7.1 Data learning procedure

- (1) If pins 0-150 are used on the jig, for example, key in the information "150".
- (2) Pins 0-150 are tested one by one sequentially, and the pins whose impedance values exceed the value of OPEN REF ($100k\Omega$) are memorized as pass pins (pins not to be tested).

 $0 \longleftrightarrow 1-150$ all short-circuited

 $1 \longleftrightarrow 0$ and 2-150 all short-circuited

:

:

 $150 \longleftrightarrow 0-149$ all short-circuited

PASS PIN: 5, 20, 142

6.7.2 Execution program transfer

(1) The data obtained in step (2) of Section 6.7.1 is transferred.

6.7.3

(1) The all-pin open check is executed according to TEST SEQ. If an error is found, the test is terminated without proceeding to the measuring of resistance, capacitance, etc.

7. FIXTURE DESIGNING

To design the fixture for a PC board to be tested, at least the following items must be prepared: The bare board on which parts are to be mounted, the in-circuit board on which parts have been mounted and soldered, pattern diagram, circuit diagram, and parts list.

7.1 Pin Positioning and Numbering

For a circuit as shown in Figure 7.1, for example, the user must determine the position at which to set a probe in each pattern on the corresponding PC board, assign a serial number to the probe, and write the number on the circuit diagram.

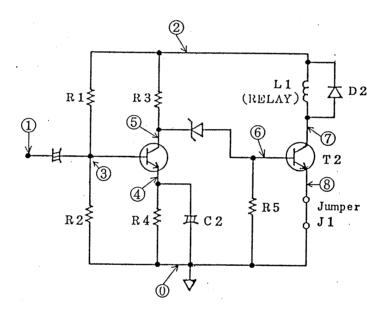


Fig. 7.1 Circuit example

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7.2 Initial Data Creation

Make a list as shown in Figure 7.2, and input data according to the initial data creation procedure explained in Section 5.3.2 (1).

o The parts names for APC-2000 are abbreviated as follows:

Resistor = R

Capacitor = C

Inductor = L

Diode = D

Transistor = T

Light emitting diode = P

Transistor with resistance = M

Variable resistor = T

Assembled-type resistor = RA

Variable capacitor = CV

Assembled-type resistor = RA

Voltage measuring point = V

- o The GND pins need not be specified unless required definitely.
- o The value for each mounted part must be specified with three digits (four characters including decimal point). Example: $100 \cdot k\Omega$
- o To specify a position on a PC board, split the board into four parts (1-4) vertically and three parts (A-C) horizontally and give a pair of coordinates.

	1	2	3	4
A				
В				
С				

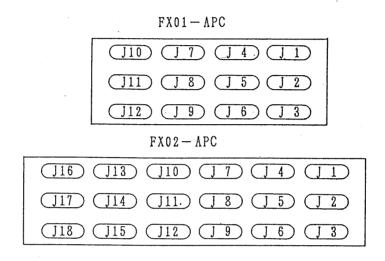
o Specify a value for EXT when external power is to be applied to the relevant step. The value may be selected from O-F.

	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
STEP NO.	PARTS	+PIN	-PIN	GND1	GND2	VALUE	POSITION	EXT	REMARKS
1	J1	0	8				3C		
2	R1	-2	3		·	100kΩ	2A		
3	R2	3	0			120kΩ	1A		
4	R3	2	5			820Ω	1A		
5	R4	4	0			1.00kΩ	2A		,
6	R5	6	0			10.0kΩ	3B		
. 7	C1	1	3			4.70μF	2A		
8	C2	4	0			100µF	2C		
9	D1	6	5				2В		
10	. D2	7	2				3A		
11	T1	3	4				1A		
12	T1	3	5				1A		
13	Т2	6	8				2C		
14	Т2	6	7				2C		
15	L1	2	7			100mH	2B		

Fig. 7.2 Initial data creation table

- 7.3 Connection between Pins and Connectors and Program Numbers

 Connector to be used: Amphenol 50-pin connector (57-40500) Number of required connectors:
 - 6 (for the standard 256 pins)
 - 18 (12 additional connectors) (for the extended 768 pins)



(Rear view)

Fig. 7.3 Connector number diagram

Note that the signal having the same phase as that applied to the - pin is applied to pins 25 and 50 on each connector so that the effect of wiring may be reduced as much as possible.

APC2000 (PIN ASSIGNMENT 1)

CONNEC					PINI	10						
TERMI NO.												
NO.	J 1	J 2 48	J3 96	J 4 144	J 5 192		J 7 256	J8 304	Ј9 352	J 10 400	J 11	
2	1	49	97	145	193	241	.257	305	353	400	448 449	496 497
3	2		9.8	146	194	242	258	306	354	402	450	498
4	3	51	99	147		243	259	307	355	403	451	
5	4	52	100	148	196	244	260	308	356	404	452	
6	5		101	149	197	245	261	309	357	405	453	
7 8	6 7	54 55	102 103	150	198	246	262	310	358	406	454	
. 9	8	56	103	151	199	247 248	263 264	311 312	359 360	407 408	455 456	503 504
10	9	57	105	153	201	249	265	313	361	400	457	504 505
11	10	58	106	154	202	250	266	314	362	410	458	506
12	11	59	107	155	203	251	267	315	363	411	459	507
13	12	60	108	156	204	252	268	316	364	412	460	508
14	13	61	109	157	205	253	269	317	365	413	461	509
15 16	14 15	62 63	110 111	158 159	206- 207	$\begin{array}{c} 254 \\ 255 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 270 \\ 271 \end{array}$	318	366	414	462	510
17	16	64	112	160	208	200	272	319 320	367 368	415 416	463 464	511
18	17	65	113	161	209		273	321	369	417	465	
19	18	66	114	162	210		274	322	370	418	466	
20	19	67	115	163	211		275	323	371	419	467	
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	20	68	116	164	212		276	324	372	420	468	
23	$\begin{array}{c}21\\22\end{array}$	69 70	117 118	165 166	213 214		$\begin{array}{c} 277 \\ 278 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 325 \\ 326 \end{array}$	373 374		469	
24	23	71	119	167	215		279	327	375	422	470 471	
25	GUARD					GUARD		327				GUARD
26	24	72	120	168	216		280	328	376		472	
27	25	73	121	169	217		281	329	377	425	473	
28 29	26 27	74 75	$\begin{array}{c} 122 \\ 123 \end{array}$	170 171	218 219		$\begin{array}{c} 282 \\ 283 \end{array}$	330	378	426	474	
30	28	76	123	172	220		284	331 332	379 380	427 428	475 476	
31	29		125	173	221		285	333	381	420	477	
32	30	78	126	174	222		286	334	382.	430	478	
33	31	79	127	175	223		287	335	383	431	479	
34 35	$\begin{array}{c} 32 \\ 33 \end{array}$	80	128	176	$\begin{array}{c} 224 \\ 225 \end{array}$	•	288	336	384	432	480	
36	3 4	81 82	129 130	177 178	225		289 290	337	385	433	481	
37	35	83	131	179	227		291	338	386 387	434 435	482 483	
38	36	84	132	180	228			340	388	436	484	
39	37	85	133	181	229		293	341	389	437	485	
40	38	86	134	182	230		294	342	390	438	486	
41 42		87	135	183	231		295	343	391	439	487	
4 2	40 41	88 89	136 137	184 185	$\begin{array}{c} 232 \\ 233 \end{array}$		296	344	392	440	488	•
44	42	90	138	186	234		297 298	345 346	393 394	441 442	489 490	
45	43	91	139	187	235		299	347	395	442 443	490	
46	44	92	1,40	188	236		300	348	396	444	492	
47	45	93	141	189	237		301	349	397	445	493	
48 49	46 47	94 95	142	190	238		302	350	398.	446	494	
50	GUARD -		143	191	239	GUARD	303 	351	399	447	495	OHADD
	~ 0 11 II D					UUUU						GUARD

7.4 Voltage Measuring

The APC-2000 can not only check the mounted parts without applying power to them but also check the quality of the PC board with applying power to it and measuring the voltage distribution. Use the EXT CONTROL terminal (50p Amphenol Connector) for applying the power. The relay contact rating is DC 24V and 2A or DC 120V and 0.1A (resistance load). When applying external power to the jig, attach a protective resistor (normally about $10 \mathrm{k}\Omega$) between the voltage measuring pin and jig connector.

After a PC board has been tested by the APC-2000 with the power application or before the PC board that has been tested by a different tester with the power application is to be tested by the APC-2000, be sure to wait till the electricity is discharged from the PC board spontaneously or discharge the electricity from it forcibly.

8. DEBUGGING

8.1 Necessity of Debugging

8.1.1 What is debugging

After the data learned from good boards is averaged and made into reference data, the good boards are tested again with the reference data to check if (1) they can be tested stably, (2) failure parts can be detected for sure, (3) the relationship between the measuring speed and judgement criterion ranges is optimum, and (4) the pin jig has no problems. The debugging for the APC-2000 means to check and modify the reference data through the repetition of the above test and to create the ultimate reference data file.

8.1.2 How is debugging required

The degree of necessity for debugging varies by the size of the tested board, complexity of circuit, types of circuit elements, measuring precision, number of good boards, and various other factors, but the debugging is required for at least one good board. If a large number of good boards are not available, execute the debugging with one good board as an immediate measure and check the reference data again when testing a large number of boards. Also, the debugging operation is required when the parts mounted on the board are changed because their lots are changed.

Since the APC-2000 measures objects on the basis of relative values and not on the basis of absolute values, different values may be obtained if the main frame used for the testing is different from the one used for debugging. In this case, the reference data must be debugged in accordance with the main frame to be used for the testing, but this debugging operation is not difficult.

8.1.3 When is debugging required

Execute the debugging when:

(1) The jig has been designed and created for the first time.

- (2) Only a small number of good boards were used for debugging insufficiency of debugging was found when a large number of boards were tested.
- (3) The measured values deviate or apt to deviate from the judgement criterion ranges because the lots of the mounted parts have been changed.
- (4) The main frame to be used for testing is different from the one used for debugging.
- (5) The measuring section of the main frame has been replaced.
- (6) The values to be obtained from the mounted parts have been changed.
- (7) The contents of the reference data (especially the delay time and judgement precision) have been changed.

The debugging for all the above occasions except (1) is rather easy because the reference data is already created for them.

8.2 Notes on Debugging

First of all, the circuit diagram must correspond to the actual in-circuit board. Since the actual circuit network, deffering from a single part, consists of quite complicated complex circuits, the user may spend unnecessary labor on the debugging without noticing the disagreement between the circuit diagram and actual board configuration. Also, the jig pin connection numbers and circuit diagram pin numbers must be correct. (Check the contact of pins, too.)

When a portion of the in-circuit board cannot be measured well, execute the debugging after sufficiently understanding the function of that portion. The user may find that the particular portion need not be measured or the judgement criterion range for it should be expanded.

When using the guarding function for measuring a complex circuit stably at high precision, understand this function completely and ground the optimum point.

Note that the high precision and stable result cannot be obtained from the measuring of a digital IC or operational amplifier whose internal circuit is unknown or from the testing of the part connected to the IC whose internal resistance is not fixed.

Thus, the user may have to give a clear-cut solution of not measuring some portions or expanding the judgement criterion ranges because not all the mounted parts can be measured or judged for a complex circuit.

APC-2000

SYSTEM DISK Ver. 1.5

OPERATION MANUAL

APC-2000 SOFTWARE UPDATE

The version of the system disk for APC-2000 has been raised from 1.2 to 1.5.

- 1. In TEST READY Mode
- 1.1 "TEST SEQ" is displayed in the lower right-hand corner of the screen as follows:

Example: TEST SEQ: S-C

"S", "O", "C", or their combination is displayed

1.2 The version is displayed in the lower left-hand corner of the screen.

Example: file name

Ver. 1.5

- 2. In INPUT INITIAL DATA (Initial Data Creation) Mode
- 2.1 An item that allows a change in the SHORT REF value (judgement criterion value) memorized at the time of data learning has been added to the all-pin short check modification menu.

*** MODIFY INITIAL DATA ***

D:

K:

R: SHORT REF CHANGE

Added

E:

Input a resistance value in conversational mode, and the SHORT REF value for all-pin short check in the floppy disk will be changed.

2.2 Since "M" is displayed instead of "R" (Repeat of input data) in the component file modification mode, parts location can also be changed at a time.

*** MODIFY INITIAL DATA ***

D

С

M: MULTIPLY INITIAL DATA

Changed

K

E

Select "M", and the following message is displayed:

Number of Multiplication (2-9)?

Enter "2", and the following information is displayed

LOCATION

(X) (Y)

NO.1

NO.2

Specify the location, and then enter the offset value.

3. In TRANSFER (Execution Program Transfer) Mode

An item that allows the batch transfer of the SHORT, OPEN, and COMP files having the same file name has been added to the menu.

*** TRANSFER MENU ***

FUNCTION	1							
	2							
	3							
	4							
	5							
	6	ALL	PINS	SHORT/OPEN	&	COMP	FILE	Added
	7							

then press function key 6

As the SHORT REF resistance value, the value recorded in the ALL PIN SHORT file is transferred.

If the specified file does not exist, the message "NO FILE" is displayed and the old file is preserved.

- 4. In MAINTENANCE & MODIFY (Maintenance and Modification) Mode
- 4.1 "M" (MULTIPLY EXECUTION DATA) has been added to the menu.

*** MAINTENANCE & MODIFI ***

D T N R I:(I) K:(K)

M: MULTIPLY EXECUTION DATA

Added '

A E

Select "M", and the following message is displayed:

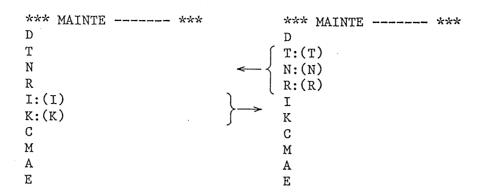
Number of Multiplication (2-9)?

Enter "2", and the following information is displayed:

LOCATION (X) (Y)
NO.1
NO.2

Specify the location, and then enter the offset value.

- 4.2 "CN: CHANGE NEXT STEP" (changing of next step) has been newly added to the "C" mode.
- 4.3 For the items followed by parentheses in the menu, press the key twice. (Since the number of the maintenance mode programs has been increased, the maintenance menu has been divided into two parts. Press the key once, and the control is transferred from one part to the other; press it again after the screen is changed, and the desired item is selected.)



4.4 If the operator responds to the message "Save to Disk?" with "Y" after selecting "E", he can determine whether to save both the initial data (DAT) and execution data (EXC) or only the execution data.

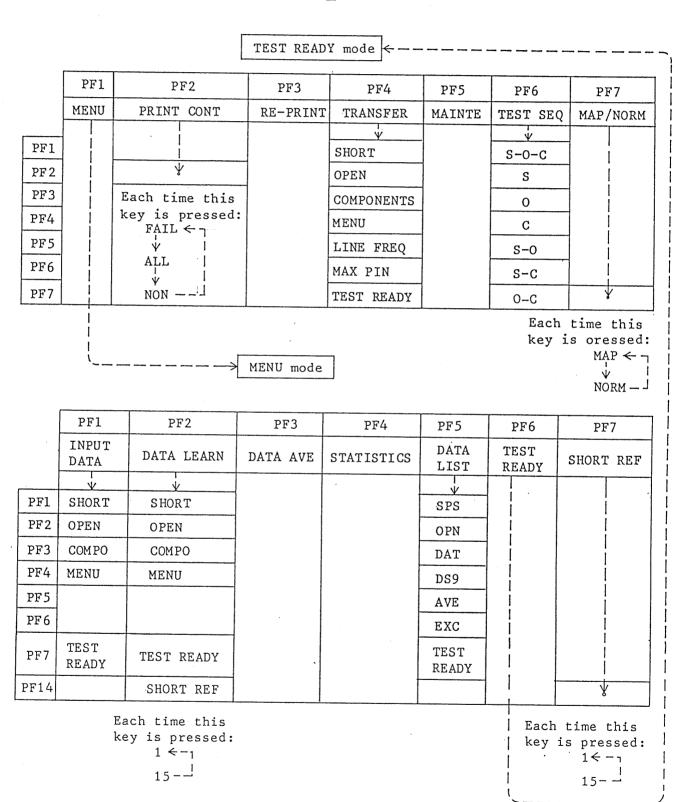
4.5 If "Overflow" or "Unstable" is reported for the "Standard Value" of the EXC data (execution standard data) to be changed in C mode, the operator can shift the control to the next item ("Parts Location") by pressing the RETURN key. Therefore, the operator can specify the mark "*" (no execution) when "Overflow" or "Unstable" is displayed.

5. In DATA LEARN (Reference Data Learning) Mode

The data of "10" or less has been eliminated from the judgement condition of the automatic polarity setting function that optimizes the polarities of the testing pins used for data learning. The message "Unstable" is displayed when (1) the learned data is "10" or less and it is still "10" or less even after the + and - pins are replaced or (2) the repetition precision of the learned data is not stable.

Further, the flowchart to determine the + and - pins has been improved so that more reliable reference data may be created.

- 6. Explanation of Functions
- 6.1 To return control to the TEST READY mode from any screen, press the function key PF7 or numeric key 7.



6.2 Function Key PF15

The file name input for the message "Key in file name?" is stored for PF15.

The file name, however, is cleared when the power is turned off or the CTRL and RESET keys are pressed at a time to start the operation from SELF CHECK.